



Keynote Speech

Foundation for Economic Freedom General Membership Meeting and Election

RALPH G. RECTO
SECRETARY OF FINANCE

SEPTEMBER 4, 2024
MANILA GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB

It was necessary to recalibrate our growth and fiscal targets to ensure that they are

✓ attainable

✓ realistic

✓ adaptive to ongoing external challenges

✓ supportive of sustainable growth

Our refined Medium-Term Fiscal Program ensures the following:



Reduce debt and deficit gradually in a realistic manner



Create more and better jobs



Increase people's income



Reduce the poverty rate

**Our 2024 budget stands at PHP 5.77 trillion,
and only PHP 4.27 trillion are supportable by revenues**

Total Average Expenditures Daily:
PHP 15.80 billion



Daily Revenues to Collect
**PHP 11.71
billion**



Daily Loans to Borrow
**PHP 4.10
billion**

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We are strategically maximizing non-tax revenues to raise more resources to avoid placing undue burdens on our people

Increased GOCCs' dividend remittance rate to

75%

from 50%

**Strategically dispose of
non-performing
and idle
government
assets**



We are on track to meet our fiscal program for the year

Particulars (in PHP Billion)	January - July			
	2023	2024	Diff	YoY (in %)
REVENUES	2,271.9	2,606.9	335.1	14.8
<i>as percent to GDP*</i>	16.2	17.1		
Tax Revenues	2,016.6	2,238.1	221.5	11.0
<i>as percent to GDP*</i>	14.5	14.6		
<i>BIR</i>	1,492.3	1,681.8	189.5	12.7
<i>BOC</i>	506.5	535.9	29.4	5.8
<i>Other Offices</i>	17.8	20.4	2.6	14.9
Non-tax Revenues	255.3	368.8	113.5	44.5
<i>as percent to GDP*</i>	1.7	2.5		
<i>BTr</i>	143.8	183.8	40.0	27.8
<i>Other Offices</i>	111.5	185.0	73.5	66.0
EXPENDITURES	2,871.4	3,249.7	378.3	13.2
<i>as percent to GDP*</i>	21.0	21.9		
SURPLUS/ (DEFICIT)	(599.5)	(642.8)	(43.2)	(7.2)
<i>as percent to GDP*</i>	-4.8	-4.9		

*As percent of GDP is for the first semester (January to June)

Source: BTR

The DOF's refined revenue measures maximize gains, minimize pain, and ensure fairness and fiscal consolidation



VAT on Digital Service Providers

Seeks to level the playing field between local and foreign digital service providers by clarifying that services provided by the latter in the country are subject to VAT.



Package 4 of the CTRP

Seeks to redesign financial sector taxation to be simpler, fairer, and more globally competitive, with the end goal of deepening our capital markets.



Excise Tax on Single-Use Plastics

Designed to curb overconsumption of single-use plastics while raising funds for the government.



Motor Vehicle User's Charge

Aims to update the rates by introducing a 2-tier taxation scheme applicable to all vehicles to simplify tax administration and lowering compliance cost.



Rationalization of the Mining Fiscal Regime

Provides a simplified and predictable fiscal regime for the extractives sector, while ensuring that the government collects its fair share of revenues.

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We aim to handle realities on the ground with foresight, prudence, and consideration of the larger picture.

Because that is our job at the DOF – to raise money for the government in the most cost-effective manner and make sure that it is most judiciously used and spent.

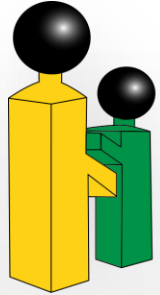


Collection of GOCCs' hibernating funds to finance the 2024 GAA Unprogrammed Appropriations:

The DOF merely heeded to Congress' directive under the law (Section XLIII (1)(d) of the 2024 GAA)

The DOF complied with this based on the merit of its cost-benefit analysis and the favorable legal opinions by the OGCC, GCG, and COA.

Through an exhaustive review of the financial standings of all GOCCs, the DOF identified unused and excess funds of the following:



PHILHEALTH

**PHP 89.9
Billion**



PDIC

**PHP 108.9
Billion**



The return of these excess funds was approved by their respective boards.

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FACT 1

PhilHealth's PHP 89.9 billion excess funds are **NOT part of its reserve fund nor income** that is being restricted by the Universal Health Care Act to be used by the national government as a general fund.





FACT 2

Not a single centavo of that excess funds came from member contributions because they are all government subsidies that PhilHealth failed to spend.

Therefore, it does not affect the viability of PhilHealth. It does not impair the delivery of its services.

PhilHealth is left with about **PHP 550 billion** in its benefit chest fund, more than sufficient to cover multi-year claims.



FACT 3

We know exactly where these excess funds will be used. It is transparent and fully accessible to the public.

Every peso will be exclusively used for the projects identified under the Unprogrammed Appropriations of the 2024 GAA.



The excess and unused funds will finance the following:

Expenditure / Purpose	Possible charges			
	PS	MOOE	CO	TOTAL
Foreign-Assisted Projects (FAPS)	0.078	2.6	49.0	51.7
Personnel benefits	27.6			27.6
Public health emergency benefits and allowances for health care and non-health care workers		27.7		27.7
NEDA-PSA: Community-based monitoring system		3.5	0.12	3.6
Payment of right-of-way			3.0	3.0
Maintenance, repair, and rehabilitation of infrastructure facilities (routine maintenance of national roads)		6.0		6.0
Proposed SSL law VI	40.0			40.0
Fiscal support arrearages for comprehensive automotive resurgence strategy program		0.415		0.4
Support to barangay development program of NTF-ELCAC		6.5		6.5
DPWH - various projects		1.7	24.9	26.6
Revised AFP modernization program			10.0	10.0
TOTAL	67.7	48.4	87.0	203.1

List of Financing for Foreign-Assisted Projects (FAPS)

Health

Philippine Multi Sectoral Nutrition Project

Education

Supporting Innovation in the Philippine Technical and Vocational Education and Training System

Agriculture and Fishery

Support to Parcelization of Lands for Individual Titling Project

Mindanao Inclusive Agriculture Development Project

Philippine Rural Development Project Scale-Up

Philippine Fisheries and Coastal Resiliency Project

Rural Agro-Enterprise Partnership for Inclusive Development and Growth Project

Social Development

Local Governance Reform Project

Capacity Building to Foster Competition

Infrastructure

Panay-Guimaras-Negros Island Bridges Project

Arterial Road Bypass Construction Project

Davao City Bypass Construction Project*

Road Network Development Project in Conflict-Affected Areas in Mindanao

Philippines - Korea Project Preparation Facility

Cebu - Mactan Bridge and Coastal Road Construction Project

Dalton Pass East Alignment Road Project

Priority Bridges crossing Pasig-Marikina River and Manggahan Floodway Bridges Construction Project

Samal Island Davao City Connector Project

Infrastructure Preparation and Innovation Facility**

Improving Growth Corridors in Mindanao Road Sector Project

Reconstruction and Development Plan for Greater Marawi

Panguil Bay Bridge Construction Project

Bataan - Cavite Interlink Bridge Project

Samar Pacific Coastal Road II

Jalaur River Multipurpose Irrigation Project

Infrastructure

Metro Manila Flood Management Project

Cavite Industrial Area Flood Risk Management Project

Pasig - Marikina River Channel Improvement Project

Integrated Flood Resilience and Adaptation Project I

Philippines Seismic Risk Reduction and Resilience Project

Road Upgrading and Preservation Project

Central Luzon Link Expressway Phase I

Metro Manila Interchange Construction Project, Phase VI

Flood Risk Management Project for Cagayan de Oro River

New Communications, Navigation, and Surveillance/Air Traffic Management System Development Project

New Bohol Airport Construction and Sustainable Environment Protection Project

Davao Public Transport Modernization Project

Maritime Safety Capability Improvement Project Phase I

Metro Manila Subway Project Phase I

North-South Commuter Railway Project

*Davao City By-Pass Construction Project (South and Center Sections), JICA, PH-P261 and Davao Bypass Construction Project, Package 1 (South and Center Sections) JICA, PH-P273

**Infrastructure Preparation and Innovation Facility (IPIF), Output 2 (Water Projects), ADB, Technical Assistance Loan, ADB 3886-PHI - Additional Financing, Infrastructure Preparation and Innovation Facility (IPIF), Output 2 (Water Projects), ADB Loan 4424-PHI, Second Additional Financing, and Infrastructure Preparation and Innovation Facility (IPIF), Output 3, ADB Loan 3886-PHI, Additional Financing

Cost-benefit analysis of financing the projects and programs under the Unprogrammed Appropriations

Benefits:



Increase in real
GDP growth:

0.7%



Additional
revenues

**PHP 23-24.4
billion**

Costs



Increased
deficit-to-GDP
for 2024:

**From 5.6%
to 6.4%**



Increased debt-
to-GDP
for 2024:

**From 60.6%
to 61.4%**



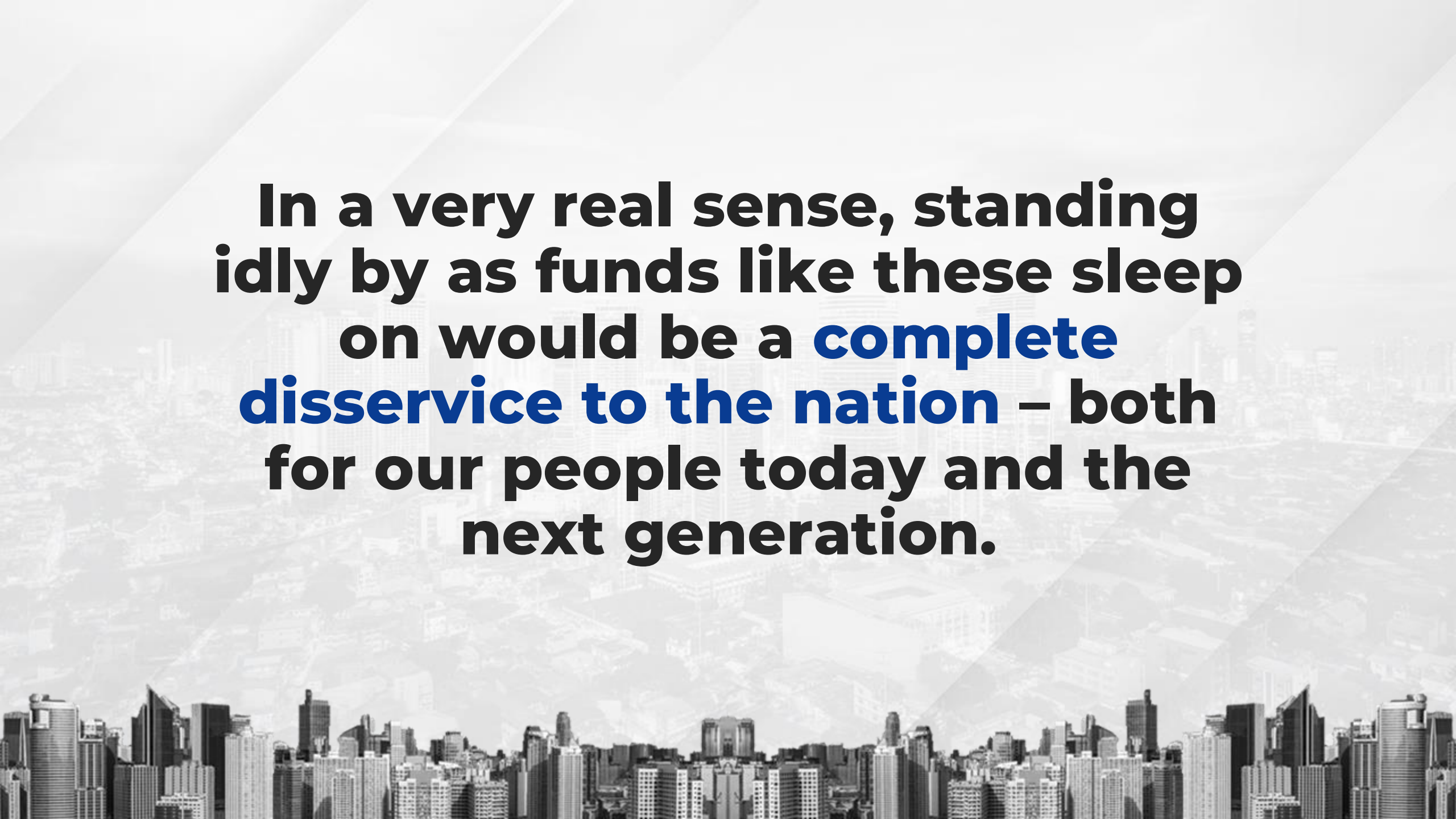
Increased
interest
payment

**PHP 12.7
billion**



Credit Grade
Downgrade

Additional interest
payments of at
least PHP 15 billion
pesos annually



In a very real sense, standing idly by as funds like these sleep on would be a **complete disservice to the nation – both for our people today and the next generation.**

Whatever measures by the government to source financing for its programs are always undertaken consistent with the belief that its capacity to address the primary needs of our people—including health—is not compromised.



As the country's economic freedom fighters, I call on you to continue fighting on the frontlines with us for the nation's highest good.





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