REVISED IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS OF R.A. NO. 6957, "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE FINANCING, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS BY THE PRIVATE SECTOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES", AS AMENDED BY R.A. NO. 7718

1 INTRODUCTION

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Pursuant to Section 11 of R.A. No. 6957, as amended by R.A. No. 7718, the following Revised
Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) are hereby prescribed to carry out the provisions
of said Act.

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7 8 RULE 1 - PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

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10 Section 1.1 - Policy

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12 It is the declared policy of the State to recognize the indispensable role of the private sector 13 as the main engine for national growth and development and provide the most appropriate 14 incentives to mobilize private resources for the purpose of implementing Infrastructure or 15 Development Projects normally undertaken by the government, which includes the 16 Construction, financing, operations, and maintenance of such projects.

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In line with the foregoing, this Revised IRR seeks to facilitate the delivery of high quality 18 services to the public by (a) promoting transparency and accountability in processing 19 20 DELIVERING Infrastructure or Development Projects to arrive at the real cost of the project to the government, consumers, and taxpayers, (b) avoiding conflicts of interest situations, (c) 21 promoting practices that fosterING competition, and (d) (C) PROVIDING APPROPRIATE 22 23 SHARING OF RISKS BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT AND THE PROJECT PROPONENT, (D) 24 ensuring that the contracting parties are capable to implement the project and fulfill their 25 respective contractual obligations-, AND (E) UPHOLDING

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27 This Revised IRR also seeks to protect the government and the public from excessive payments, undue guarantees, unnecessary fiscal risks, and onerous contractual obligations 28 by (a) creating an enabling environment for Agencies/LGUs, including the Regulators, to 29 30 perform their mandated tasks, (b) ensuring that Contractual Arrangements reflect appropriate sharing of risks between the government and the Project Proponent, (c) allowing 31 reasonable returns on investments, incentives, support, and undertakings, financial or 32 33 otherwise, that may be granted to Project Proponents, as part of clearly defined parameters, terms, and conditions of a project, and (d) promoting the interests and welfare of the FilipinoS 34 35 who ultimately pay for the costs and returns from the projects to be undertaken under the 36 Act and this Revised IRR. 37

38 Section 1.2 – Coverage

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40 This Revised IRR shall cover all Private Sector Infrastructure or Development Projects, as 41 hereunder defined, undertaken by Agencies/LGUs in accordance with such contractual

- 1 arrangement or scheme authorized under and pursuant to R.A. No. 6957, as amended by R.A.
- 2 No. 7718.
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For LGU projects, concerned LGUs may formulate additional guidelines/procedures not in
conflict with the Act and this Revised IRR and pertinent provisions of R.A. No. 7160 (Local
Government Code of 1991) and its implementing rules and regulations.
Guidelines/procedures formulated by concerned LGUs relating to the BOT Law including PPP
codes and ordinances thereto, and any updates thereof, shall be regularly uploaded to the
PPP Center website and the website of the Agency/LGU.

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11 Section 1.3 - Definition of Terms

For purposes of this Revised IRR, the terms and phrases hereunder shall be understood asfollows:

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- a. Act refers to Republic Act No. 6957, as amended by Republic Act No. 7718.
- b. Agency refers to any department, bureau, office, commission, authority or agency of
 the national government, including Government-Owned and/or -Controlled
 Corporations (GOCCs), Government Financial Institutions (GFIs), and State Universities
 and Colleges (SUCs) authorized by law or their respective charters to contract for or
 undertake Infrastructure or Development Projects.
 - c. Amortization refers to the regular, periodic repayment of principal and payment of interest of a debt for a definite period of time, at the maturity of which the entire indebtedness is paid in full.
 - d. **Approving Body** refers to the entity authorized to approve projects proposed under the Act and in accordance with Sections 2.9 and 2.10 of this Revised IRR.

31e. AVAILABILITY PAYMENTS - REFER TO PREDETERMINED PAYMENTS BY THE32AGENCY/LGU TO THE PROJECT PROPONENT IN EXCHANGE OF DELIVERING AN ASSET33OR SERVICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT. AVAILABILITY PAYMENTS SHALL34NOT BE CONSTRUED AS DIRECT GOVERNMENT SUBSIDY.

- f. Contractual Arrangements refers to any of the following contractual arrangements
 or schemes, as well as other variations approved by the President, by which
 Infrastructure or Development Projects may be undertaken pursuant to the provisions
 of this Revised IRR:
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(marked-up version)

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- Build-and-transfer (BT) refers to a contractual arrangement whereby the 1 i. 2 Project Proponent undertakes the financing and Construction of a given 3 infrastructure or development facility and after its completion turns it over to 4 the Agency/LGU concerned, which shall pay the Project Proponent on an agreed schedule its total investment expended on the project, plus a **REASONABLE RATE** 5 OF RETURN (RROR) thereon. This arrangement may be employed in the 6 7 Construction of any Infrastructure or Development Projects, including critical 8 facilities which, for security or strategic reasons, must be operated directly by 9 the Government.
- ii. Build-lease-and-transfer (BLT) refers to a contractual arrangement whereby a
 Project Proponent is authorized to finance and construct an infrastructure or
 development facility and upon its completion turns it over to the Agency/LGU
 concerned on a lease arrangement for a fixed period, after which ownership of
 the facility is automatically transferred to the Agency/LGU concerned.
- 16 iii. Build-operate-and-transfer (BOT) - refers to a contractual arrangement 17 whereby the Project Proponent undertakes the Construction, including 18 financing, of a given infrastructure facility, and the operation and maintenance 19 thereof. The Project Proponent operates the facility over a fixed term during 20 which it is allowed to charge facility users appropriate tolls, FARES, fees, rentals, 21 22 and/OR charges not exceeding those proposed in its bid or as negotiated and incorporated in the contract to enable the Project Proponent to recover its 23 investment, and operating and maintenance expenses in the project. The Project 24 25 Proponent transfers the facility to the Agency/LGU concerned at the end of the 26 fixed term that shall not exceed fifty (50) years: Provided, that in the case of an 27 Infrastructure or Development Facility whose operation requires a public utility 28 franchise, the Project Proponent must be Filipino or, if a corporation, must be duly registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and owned 29 30 up to at least sixty percent (60%) by Filipinos. This build-operate-and-transfer 31 contractual arrangement shall include a supply-and- operate scheme which is a contractual arrangement whereby the supplier of equipment and machinery for 32 a given infrastructure facility, if the interest of the Government so requires, 33 34 operates the facility providing in the process technology transfer and training to 35 Filipino nationals.

(marked-up version)

- Build-own-and-operate (BOO) refers to a contractual arrangement whereby a 1 iv. 2 Project Proponent is authorized to finance, construct, own, operate and 3 maintain an infrastructure or development facility from which the Project 4 Proponent is allowed to recover its total investment, operating and maintenance costs plus a reasonable return thereon by collecting tolls, FARES, fees, rentals 5 **AND/**or other charges from facility users; provided, That all such projects upon 6 7 recommendation of the Investment Coordination Committee (ICC) of the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA), shall be approved by the 8 9 President of the Philippines. Under this project, the Project Proponent who owns 10 the assets of the facility may assign its operation and maintenance to a Facility 11 Operator. 12
- 13v.Build-transfer-and-operate (BTO) refers to a contractual arrangement14whereby the Agency/ LGU contracts out the Construction of an infrastructure15facility to a private entity such that the Contractor builds the facility on a turnkey16basis, assuming cost overruns, delays, and specified performance risks. Once the17facility is commissioned satisfactorily, title is transferred to the implementing18Agency/LGU. The private entity however operates the facility on behalf of the19implementing Agency/LGU under an agreement.
 - vi. **Contract-add-and-operate (CAO)** refers to a contractual arrangement whereby the Project Proponent adds to an existing infrastructure facility which it is renting from the Government and operates the expanded project over an agreed Franchise period. There may or may not be a transfer arrangement with regard to the added facility provided by the Project Proponent.
- vii. Develop-operate-and-transfer (DOT) refers to a contractual arrangement
 whereby favorable conditions external to a new infrastructure project which is
 to be built by a Project Proponent are integrated into the arrangement by giving
 that entity the right to develop adjoining property, and thus, enjoy some of the
 benefits the investment creates such as higher property or rent values.
 - viii. **Rehabilitate-operate-and-transfer (ROT)** refers to a contractual arrangement whereby an existing facility is turned over to the Project Proponent to refurbish, operate and maintain for a Franchise period, at the expiry of which the legal title to the facility is turned over to the Government. The term is also used to describe the purchase of an existing facility from abroad, importing, refurbishing, erecting, and consuming it within the host country.
- 40ix.Rehabilitate-own-and-operate (ROO) refers to a contractual arrangement41whereby an existing facility is turned over to the Project Proponent to refurbish42and operate with no time limitation imposed on ownership. As long as the43operator is not in violation of its Franchise, it can continue to operate the facility44in perpetuity.

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- 1 g. **Construction** refers to new construction, rehabilitation, improvement, expansion, 2 alteration, and related works and activities including the necessary design, supply, 3 installation, testing and commissioning of equipment, systems, plants, materials, labor 4 and services and related items needed to build or rehabilitate an infrastructure or 5 development facility.
- h. Contractor refers to any entity accredited under Philippine laws, or that should be
 accredited under Philippine laws in accordance with Section 5.4 (a.v) hereof, which
 may or may not be the Project Proponent and which shall undertake the actual
 Construction and/or supply of equipment for the project.
- i. Development Program refers to national, regional, or local government plans or
 programs included in, but not limited to, the Philippine Development Plan (PDP), and
 the Provincial Development and Physical Framework Plan (PDPFP).
- j. Economic Model refers to an electronic copy of a model which presents the economic benefits and costs of a project. The model must present the assumptions used in calculating economic benefits, conversion of financial costs to economic costs, and calculation of economic viability (i.e., economic internal rate of return; economic net present value; benefits-cost ratio). THE MODEL MUST ALSO BE IN TRACEABLE FORMAT WITH ALL FORMULAS AND DATA LINKED.
- 23 k. Facility Operator - refers to the entity which may or may not be the Project Proponent, 24 and which is responsible for all aspects of operation and maintenance of the 25 infrastructure or development facility, including but not limited to the collection of 26 tolls, *FARES*, fees, rentals *AND*/or charges from facility users; provided, that the facility 27 operator must be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or 28 Cooperative Development Authority (CDA) before commencement of operation and 29 maintenance of the infrastructure or development facility; provided further, that in 30 case the facility requires a public utility franchise, the Facility Operator shall, no later 31 than the commencement of operation of the facility, comply with the nationality and ownership requirements under the Constitution and other applicable laws and 32 jurisprudence. 33
- Financial Model refers to an electronic copy of a model which presents the projected balance sheet, income statement, and cash flows statement of a project for its full life cycle. The model must present the calculations on financial viability (i.e., free cash flows to firm and equity holders; project and equity internal rates of return; project and equity net present value; *AND* weighted average cost of capital) and bankability (i.e., debt_service_coverage_ratio) of a project. *THE MODEL MUST ALSO BE IN TRACEABLE FORMAT WITH ALL FORMULAS AND DATA LINKED.*
- m. Franchise refers to a certificate, permit or other form of authorization required to be
 obtained by a Facility Operator from a Regulator prior to operating a Public Utility
 Project.
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- n. Government Undertakings refers to any form of contribution and/or support 1 2 provided under Section 13.3 of this Revised IRR, which the Government or any of its 3 Agencies/ LGUs may extend to a Project Proponent.
- o. Head of Agency/LGU refers to (i) the head of the agency or body, for national 5 government agencies (NGAs) and the constitutional commissions or offices, and branches of government; (ii) the Governing Board or its authorized official/managing head/Chief Executive officer of GOCCs, GFIs, or SUCs; or (iii) the Sanggunian or its authorized official or the local chief executive, for LGUs.
- p. ICC refers to the Investment Coordination Committee of the National Economic and 11 Development Authority (NEDA) Board. 12
 - q. Investment Incentives refers to any form of contribution and/or support, which the Government or any of its Agencies/LGUs including GOCCs may extend to the Project Proponent in accordance with Section 13.2 of this Revised IRR.
 - r. IRR refers to these Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations.
 - s. Key Performance Indicators (KPI) refer to specific milestones in or components of quantifiable performance measures that serve as indications of progress towards the eventual achievement of the desired performance measures.
 - t. List of Priority Projects refers to the list of Private Sector Infrastructure or Development Projects in accordance with Section 2.4.
 - u. Local Government Units (LGUs) refer to provincial, city, municipal and/or barangay government entities.
- 30 v. Material Adverse Government Action (MAGA) - refers to any act of the **GOVERNMENT** executive branch, which the Project Proponent had no knowledge of, 31 or could not reasonably be expected to have had knowledge of, prior to the effectivity 32 of the contract; and that occurs after the effectivity of the contract, that: OTHER THAN 33 AN ACT WHICH IS AUTHORIZED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE PPP CONTRACT, WHICH: 34
 - a. specifically discriminates against the SECTOR, INDUSTRY, OR PROJECT Project Proponent; and
 - b. has a material adverse effect on the ability of the Project Proponent to comply with any of its obligations under the **APPROVED** contract.

This shall not include acts of the Agency/LGU and Approving Body, as well as acts of the executive branch, made in the exercise of regulatory powers; and acts of the legislative and judicial branches of government.

For purposes of the contract, the provisions on MAGA shall also provide for the rules 46 on materiality or amount threshold, nature and MANNER OF RECOURSE 47

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- compensation, AND A cap on IN CASE OF monetary compensation, conditions for
 termination and termination payment due to MAGA.
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 - w. **Negotiated Contracts** refer to contracts entered into by the Government in cases prescribed under Rule 9.
 - x. Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Costs refer to the costs of operations and maintenance of the project in the event that O&M is bundled with the Contractual Arrangement.
 - y. **PBAC** refers to the Pre-qualifications, Bids, and Awards Committee established in accordance with Rule 3 of this Revised IRR.
- 14z.**PPP Center** refers to the successor of the BOT Center and Coordinating Council of15the Philippine Assistance Program (CCPAP), the agency mandated under Section 12 of16the Act, to coordinate and monitor projects implemented under the Act, pursuant to17Administrative Order No. 105 (s. 1989), as amended by Administrative Order No. 6718(s. 1999), as amended by Administrative Order No. 103 (s. 2000), and Executive Order19No. 144 (s. 2002), as amended by Executive Order No. 8 (s. 2010).
- 21 aa. Private Sector Infrastructure or Development Projects - refer to the general description of Infrastructure or Development Projects normally financed, and 22 operated by the public sector but which will now be wholly or partly financed, 23 24 constructed and operated by the private sector, including but not limited to, ENERGY 25 EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION, RENEWABLE ENERGY, ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS WITH RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE, power plants, highways, 26 27 ports, airports, canals, dams, hydropower projects, water supply, irrigation, telecommunications, railroad and railways, transport systems, INTERMODAL 28 TRANSPORT STATIONS AND TERMINALS, IN-LAND CARGO TERMINALS, PARK & RIDE 29 FACILITIES, AUTOMATED FARE COLLECTION SYSTEMS, TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT 30 SYSTEMS, TRAFFIC MONITORING SYSTEMS, TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS, 31 32 **CONGESTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS,** land reclamation projects, industrial estates 33 or townships, housing, government buildings, tourism projects, public markets, 34 slaughterhouses, warehouses, solid waste management, information technology 35 networks and database infrastructure, education and health facilities, sewerage, drainage, dredging, FLOOD CONTROL PROJECTS, and other infrastructure and 36 development projects as may otherwise be authorized by the appropriate Agency/ 37 LGU pursuant to the Act or this Revised IRR, SUBJECT TO OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS, 38 **RULES AND REGULATIONS.** Such projects shall be undertaken through Contractual 39 Arrangements as defined herein, including such other variations as may be approved 40 by the President of the Philippines. For the construction stage of these infrastructure 41 projects, the Project Proponent may obtain financing from foreign and/or domestic 42 sources and/or engage the services of a foreign and/ or Filipino contractor: provided, 43 44 that, in case an infrastructure or a development facility's operation requires a public 45 utility franchise, the facility operator must be a Filipino or if a corporation, it must be 46 duly registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and owned up to 47 at least sixty percent (60%) by Filipinos, or if a cooperative, it must be duly registered

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- with the Cooperative Development Authority (CDA): provided, further, that in the case
 of foreign contractors, Filipino labor shall be employed or hired in the different phases
 of construction where Filipino skills are available: provided, finally, that projects which
 would have difficulty in sourcing funds may be financed partly from direct government
 appropriations and/or from Official Development Assistance (ODA) of foreign
 governments or institutions not exceeding fifty percent (50%) of the project cost, and
 the balance to be provided by the Project Proponent.
 - bb. **Project Cost** refers to the total cost to be expended to plan, develop and construct the project to completion stage including but not limited to cost of feasibility studies, engineering and design, Construction, equipment, land—and—/right-of-way, taxes imposed on said cost, and development cost.

FOR OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PPP PROJECTS, THE PROJECT COST REFERS TO THE PRESENT VALUE OF THE COSTS INCURRED IN DELIVERING THE CONTRACTED SERVICE, INCLUDING ANY REINVESTMENT REQUIREMENTS AS PROVIDED IN THE APPROVED CONTRACT.

- cc. **Project Loan** refers to all loans and/or credit facilities extended by financial institutions, multi-lateral lenders, export credit agencies, and all other third-party lenders to the project company and/or Project Proponent for the development and/or operation of the project.
- Foreign loans/foreign currency loans to be incurred by the project company shall be in accordance with prevailing Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) regulations.
 - dd. **Project Proponent** refers to the private sector entity which shall have contractual responsibility for the project and which shall have an adequate track record in the concerned industry as well as technical capability and financial base consisting of equity and firm commitments from reputable financial institutions to provide, upon award, sufficient credit lines to cover the total estimated cost of the project to implement the said project.
 - ee. **Public Utility Projects** refer to projects or facilities that provide public services as defined under the Commonwealth Act No. 146 (Public Service Law), as amended, and for which a Franchise is required.
- ff. Reasonable Rate of Return (RROR) refers to the rate of return accruing to the Project 38 Proponent at the project level, as determined by the ICC. This shall take into account, 39 among others, the prevailing cost of capital (equity and borrowings) in the domestic 40 and international markets, and risks being assumed by the Project Proponent, 41 provided, that in the case of Negotiated Contracts, such rate of return shall be 42 43 determined by the ICC prior to negotiation and/or call for proposals; provided further, 44 that for Negotiated Contracts for public utilities projects which are monopolies, the 45 rate of return on rate base shall be determined by existing laws, which in no case shall 46 exceed twelve per centum (12%), as provided by the Act.

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THE DETAILED METHODOLOGY TO CALCULATE THE RROR SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE 1 WITH THE GUIDELINES TO BE ISSUED BY THE ICC. SUCH GUIDELINES MAY BE 2 UPDATED BY THE ICC AS NECESSARY. 3 4 In addition to the reasonable rate of return, the adjusted rate of return of the Project 5 Proponent shall also be determined. The adjusted rate of return shall be the project 6 internal rate of return or the internal rate of return to equity shareholders after 7 adjusting the project's free cash flows to reflect the value of all Government 8 9 Undertakings and risks assumed by the government, including but not limited to the following or any combination thereof: 10 11 12 a. value of all assets and usufruct contributed by the government, including air 13 rights; 14 b. any government right of way; c. any franchise/license granted to government agencies/GOCCs; 15 d. personnel: 16 17 e. intellectual property; f. indirect benefits accruing to the proponent, such as exclusivity rights, 18 appreciation in the commercial value of other assets owned by the proponent; 19 g. other revenues accruing to the proponent as a consequence of undertaking the 20 project, such as commercial revenues and other revenues from related 21 22 businesses: 23 h. all government guarantees and subsidies, tax credits, incentives; and 24 i. any financing cost savings as a result of the foregoing and/or any government 25 undertakings. 26 27 The recommended valuation shall be based on the estimates prepared by a government financial institution or a national government agency in accordance with 28 Sections 10.4 and 13.3 of this Revised IRR. 29 30 31 Such adjusted rate of return shall be compared against the RROR for the purpose of ensuring that the proposed project is viable, and that the revenue streams allowed 32 33 for the project and the amount of Government Undertakings, if any, are reasonable. 34 35 The valuation of the Government Undertakings shall be verified and approved by the 36 Approving Body. 37 gg. REVENUE-BASED PPP PROJECT - REFERS TO A SCHEME WHERE THE PROJECT 38 PROPONENT IS AUTHORIZED TO CHARGE AND COLLECT, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, 39 FROM THE PUBLIC REASONABLE USER FEES OR TARIFFS. WHERE APPLICABLE, THE 40 PROJECT PROPONENT MAY LIKEWISE BE REPAID IN THE FORM OF A SHARE IN THE 41 **REVENUE OF THE PROJECT.** 42 43

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- hh. Regulator refers to a department, bureau, office, instrumentality, commission, or 1 2 authority of the national and local government, including Government-Owned and/or -Controlled Corporations (GOCCs), Government Instrumentalities with Corporate 3 4 Powers (GICP), Government Corporate Entities (GCE), Government Financial Institutions (GFIs), that exercises a regulatory function over the Infrastructure or 5 6 Development Project. 7 ii. Solicited Projects – refer to projects identified by an Agency/LGU as part of the list of 8 9 priority projects in accordance with Section 2.4. 10 jj. Unsolicited Proposals - refer to project proposals submitted by the private sector, not 11 in response to a formal solicitation or request issued by an Agency/LGU and not part 12 13 of the list of priority projects as identified by Agency/LGU, to undertake Infrastructure 14 or Development Projects which may be entered into by Agency/LGU subject to the 15 requirements/conditions prescribed under Rule 10. 16 kk. Value for Money - refers to the optimum combination of whole-of-life costs and 17 quality (or fitness for purpose) of the good or service to meet the user's requirement. 18 19 II. VIABILITY GAP FUNDING (VGF) - REFERS TO A TYPE OF SUBSIDY IN THE FORM OF A 20 21 FINANCIAL SUPPORT THAT THE GOVERNMENT MAY PROVIDE TO A REVENUE-BASED PPP PROJECT WITH THE OBJECTIVE OF MAKING FEES AFFORDABLE, WHILE 22 IMPROVING THE COMMERCIAL ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE PROJECT, EXCLUDING 23 COSTS OF RIGHT-OF-WAY, RESETTLEMENT, AND REAL ESTATE TAXES. 24 25 26 27 **RULE 2 - GENERAL PROVISIONS** 28 29 Section 2.1 - Authorized Contracting Government Agencies/Units 30 31 All concerned departments, bureaus, offices, commissions, authorities, or agencies of the 32 national government, including GOCCs, GFIs, SUCs, and LGUs, authorized by law or by their 33 respective charters to undertake Infrastructure or Development Projects are authorized to enter into contractual arrangements under the Act and this Revised IRR. 34 35 36 Section 2.2 - Building Competencies to Deliver Infrastructure or Development Projects 37 38 In order to successfully identify, develop, evaluate, procure, implement, monitor, and oversee Infrastructure or Development Projects implemented under the Act, the PPP Center, in 39
- 40 coordination with relevant offices, shall develop and implement a capacity building program
 41 that will build and continuously enhance the competencies of Agencies/LGUs and various
 42 public sector stakeholders involved in the delivery of projects under the Act.
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To this end, competency assessments, among others, shall be integrated with various capacity building activities and relevant processes, as necessary, to ensure that Agencies/LGUs and public sector stakeholders effectively perform their roles and responsibilities as required under this Revised IRR.

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Section 2.3 - Eligible Types of Projects

The construction, rehabilitation, improvement, betterment, expansion, modernization, operation, financing and maintenance of the following types of projects which are normally financed and operated by the public sector which will now be wholly or partly financed, constructed and operated by the private sector, including other Infrastructure or Development Projects as may be authorized by the appropriate agencies, may be proposed under the provisions of the Act and this Revised IRR:

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a. Highways, including expressways, roads, bridges, interchanges, tunnels, and related facilities;

- 14b.Railways or rail based projects that may or may not be packaged with commercial15development opportunitiesLANDTRANSPORTATIONSYSTEMS, INCLUDING16RAILWAYS, ROAD-BASED TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS, BUS RAPID TRANSIT, HIGH17PRIORITY PUBLIC UTILITY VEHICLE SYSTEMS, ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION, TRANSIT-18ORIENTED DEVELOPMENTS, PUBLIC UTILITY VEHICLE STATIONS, TRANSPORT19PLAZAS, INTERMODAL TERMINALS, PARK & RIDE, AND RELATED FACILITIES;
- 21 Non-rail-based mass transit facilities, navigable inland waterways and related
 22 facilities;

c. TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PROJECTS, INCLUDING TRANSPORTATION DATABASES, AUTOMATED FARE & TOLL COLLECTION SYSTEMS, TRAFFIC SIGNALING, TRAFFIC MONITORING SYSTEMS, TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS, CONGESTION AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS;

- d. Port infrastructures like piers, wharves, quays, storage, handling, ferry services and related facilities, NAVIGABLE INLAND WATERWAYS AND RELATED FACILITIES;
- e. Airports, air navigation, and related facilities;
- f. Power generation, transmission, sub-transmission, distribution, and related facilities;
- g. ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION, RENEWABLE ENERGY, AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS WITH RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE;
 - h. Telecommunications, backbone network, terrestrial, aerial, and space infrastructure, and related service facilities;
- 42 i. Information technology (IT) networks and database infrastructure; geo-spatial
 43 resource mapping and cadastral survey for resource accounting and planning;
- 45 j. Irrigation and related facilities;
- 47 k. Water supply, sewerage, drainage, and related facilities;

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2	I.	Education and health infrastructure;
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4	m.	Land reclamation, dredging, FLOOD CONTROL PROJECTS and other related
5		development facilities;
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7	n.	Industrial and tourism estates or townships, including ecotourism projects such as
8		terrestrial and coastal/marine nature parks, among others and related infrastructure
9		facilities and utilities;
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11	о.	Government buildings; and
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13	р.	URBAN REDEVELOPMENT, TOWNSHIPS, AND housing projects;
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15	q.	HERITAGE PRESERVATION AND ADAPTIVE REUSE PROJECTS;
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17	r.	Markets, slaughterhouses, trading posts, and related facilities;
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19	s.	Warehouses and post-harvest facilities;
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21	t.	Public fish ports and fishponds, including storage and processing facilities;
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23	u.	Agri-fishery industrial hubs, agribusiness facilities, agricultural research facilities,
24		agricultural estates, agrilogistics systems, contract farming, and related facilities;
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26	v.	Environmental and solid waste management related facilities such as but not limited
27		to collection equipment, composting plants, landfill and tidal barriers, among others;
28		and
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30	w.	Climate change adaptation and mitigation and disaster risk reduction and
31		management infrastructure projects and related facilities.
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33	Sectio	n 2.4 - List of Priority Projects
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35	Conce	rned Agencies/LGUs are tasked to prepare their infrastructure or development
36		ms and to identify specific priority projects that may be financed, constructed,
37		ed and maintained by the private sector through the Contractual Arrangements or
38	•	es authorized under this Revised IRR and to submit for the approval by the Approving

schemes authorized under this Revised IRR and to submit for the approval by the Approving Body, as specified in Section 2.9. The List of Priority Projects shall be consistent with the Agency's/LGU's master plans, Philippine Development Plan (PDP), Regional Development Plans (RDP), Provincial Development and Physical Framework Plans (PDPFP), Comprehensive Development Plans (CDP), and such other plans or programs as may be mandated by the President.

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The Public Investment Program (PIP) and the Three-Year Rolling Infrastructure Program (TRIP), and their successor priority lists, as may be necessary, shall be deemed as the lists of National Priority Projects. The Provincial Development Investment Programs (PDIPs)/Local

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- 1 Development Investment Programs (LDIPs), and Local Investment and Incentive Codes (LIIC),
- shall be deemed as the List of Local Priority Projects. The PIP, TRIP, RDP, CDP, LIIC and
 PDIP/LDIP shall be updated and endorsed by the regional development councils periodically.
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5 Any updates to the lists of Priority Projects, local and national, shall be submitted to the PPP 6 Center within five (5) days from approval of the Approving Body for information and for 7 posting in the PPP Center website.

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9 Section 2.5 - Publication and Notice

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All Agencies/LGUs shall provide wide publicity of the List of Priority Projects proposed for 11 implementation under the Contractual Arrangements or schemes as authorized under the Act 12 13 and this Revised IRR to keep interested/concerned parties informed thereof. For this purpose, 14 all Agencies/LGUs shall cause their respective List of Priority Projects to be published at least 15 once every six (6) months in a national newspaper of general circulation, in print or online 16 media, and where applicable, international newspapers of general circulation in print or online media. Said list should also be posted continuously on the websites of the PPP Center, 17 the concerned Agency/LGU, and any online government portal for the purpose, if available. 18

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20 Section 2.6 - Allowable Modes of Implementation

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Projects may be implemented through public bidding or direct negotiation. The directnegotiation mode is subject to conditions specified in Rules 9 and 10 hereof.

Section 2.7 – Completeness and Quality of Proposed Projects Submitted to the Approving Body

27

28 A project shall be deemed complete for purposes of evaluation by the Approving Body when it THE AGENCY/LGU has submitted a complete set of requirements. THE ICC SHALL PUBLISH 29 GUIDELINES LISTING THE COMPLETE SET OF REQUIREMENTS NEEDED TO COMMENCE 30 PROJECT EVALUATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 2.10, which shall be published by the ICC of 31 the NEDA Board. These shall include, but are not limited to, a complete feasibility study, 32 **TRACEABLE** economic and financial models that are traceable and that contain data not older 33 34 than three (3) years, and the proposed parameters, terms, and conditions as described in 35 Section 2.8 of this Revised IRR. THE AGENCY/LGU SHALL ENSURE THAT INFORMATION IN THE 36 SUBMISSIONS ARE UP-TO-DATE AND ARE NOT OLDER THAN THREE (3) YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUBMISSION TO THE APPROVING BODY. In the case of unsolicited proposals, a 37 complete submission shall contain additional requirements described in Section 10.45 of this 38 **Revised IRR.** 39 40

- Once the complete set of requirements is submitted, the Approving Body shall evaluate the
 project pursuant to Section 2.10.
- 43

THE GUIDELINES TO BE ISSUED BY THE ICC SHALL LIKEWISE CONTAIN MINIMUM
 REQUIREMENTS For projects IMPLEMENTED UNDER THE ACT THAT DO not REQUIRE
 requiring ICC recommendation and/or approval, the set of requirements to be published by
 the ICC shall serve as the minimum requirements for a proposed project.

(marked-up version)

1 2 The ICC and/or the Approving Body, as the case may be, shall prescribe or revise requirements 3 to be submitted in support of the proposed project, including their respective timelines, 4 provided that the same are consistent with the **a**Act and this Revised IRR. 5 6 Section 2.8 – Parameters, Terms, and Conditions (PTCs) 7 a. The Agency/LGU shall submit to the Approving Body as part of the proposed project 8 9 for approval, the following minimum PTCs: Scope of the project; i. 10 11 ii. Contractual Arrangement; 12 13 iii. Contract term; 14 **RIGHTS AND** Obligations, undertakings, and applicable liquidated damages of 15 iv. the AGENCY/LGU AND THE Project Proponent; 16 17 **PROPOSED RISK ALLOCATION FOR THE PROJECT;** 18 v. 19 20 Requirement to submit performance reports by the Project Proponent to the vi. Agency/LGU and to the PPP Center; 21 22 23 vii. GENERAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND TARGETS UPON WHICH THE key 24 performance indicators, targets, and measurement FOR MONITORING AND 25 REPORTING RESULTS MAY BE DERIVED IN PREPARING THE DRAFT CONTRACT 26 **PURSUANT TO SECTION 4.3;** 27 28 viii. Government Undertakings; 29 Bid parameter that does not deter competition; 30 ix. 31 32 Requirement to disclose to the Agency/LGU and the appropriate Approving X. 33 Body by the Project Proponent of its loan agreement as referred to in Section 34 14.6; 35 Ceiling for debt-to-equity ratio; 36 xi. 37 38 xii. Revenue share **AND/OR ASSETS** for the government, if any; 39 RROR, FOR UNSOLICITED PROPOSALS AND NEGOTIATED CONTRACTS 40 xiii. pursuant to Section 12.18; 41 42 Proposed structure of tolls, *FARES*, /fees, /rentals, *AND/OR* charges pursuant 43 xiv. 44 to Section 12.18; 45

1	xv. Grounds for termination, pursuant to Section 12.21.a of this Revised IRR;
2	
3	xvi. Firm and contingent liabilities, risk allocation, materiality threshold amount
4	and/or compensation cap pursuant to Rule 15;
5	
6	xvii. Acceptable conditions for lenders' step in rights:
7	
, 8	xviii. Conditions for acceptable permitted security interest;
9	with contributions for acceptable permitted security interest,
9 10	xix. A condition prohibiting the incorporation of onerous and one-sided provisions
11	in the contracts. A contract is onerous if the cost of the project outweighs the
12	advantages the government and the public will receive from the project.
13	
14	For this purpose, the Agency/LGU shall comply with the requirements set forth by the
15	Technical Working Group of the ICC.
16	
17	The ICC and/or the Approving Body, as the case may be, shall set forth the required
18	PTCs which shall be the basis for the drafting and approval of tender documents and
19	contract, provided that the same are consistent with the Act and this Revised IRR.
20	
21	b. In no case shall the Head of the Agency/LGU set additional PTCs in the draft contract
22	or during negotiations that will result in any or a combination of the following:
23	i. Altering the approved risk allocation;
23 24	i. Altering the approved risk allocation;
24	
24 25	ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body;
24 25 26 27	ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body;
24 25 26 27 28	ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government;
24 25 26 27 28 29	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government;
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 33 34	 Generation of the service of the servi
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 Generation of the service of the servi
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void. Section 2.9 - Approval of Projects
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void. Section 2.9 - Approval of Projects
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void. Section 2.9 - Approval of Projects
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void. Section 2.9 - Approval of Projects The approval of projects proposed under the Act shall be in accordance with the following:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void. Section 2.9 - Approval of Projects The approval of projects proposed under the Act shall be in accordance with the following:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	 ii. Conflict or supersede the PTCs approved by the Approving Body; iii. The incremental fiscal impact being disadvantageous to the government; iv. Altering the definition of contingent liabilities or expanding the types of contingent liabilities set by this Revised IRR; or v. Worsening the approved viability indicators from the government's perspective. If the executed contract contains provision/s which results in any of the items under (b) above, as validated by the Approving Body, the contract shall be null and void. Section 2.9 - Approval of Projects The approval of projects proposed under the Act shall be in accordance with the following: a. National Projects - All national projects shall be approved as follows:

1 2 3		ii.	projects costing more than PhP 300 million, shall be submitted to the NEDA Board for approval upon the recommendation of ICC; and	
4 5		iii.	regardless of amount, negotiated projects shall be submitted to the NEDA Board for approval upon recommendation by the ICC.	
6 7 8			Projects – Prior to approval, local projects to be implemented by the LGUs shall mitted by the concerned LGU for confirmation as follows:	
9		i.	to the municipal development council for projects costing up to PhP 20 million;	
10 11 12 13		ii.	to the provincial development council for those costing above PhP 20 million up to PhP 50 million;	
14		iii.	to the city development council for those costing up to PhP 50 million;	
15 16 17 18 19		iv.	to the regional development council or, in the case of Metro Manila projects, the Regional Development Council for Metropolitan Manila, for those costing above PhP 50 million up to PhP 200 million; and	
20 21		v.	to the ICC for those costing above PhP 200 million.	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Such confirmation shall be for the purpose of validating the consistency of the proposed project with existing master plans and development plans. The said confirmation shall be given within sixty (60) calendar days from the submission of a written request for confirmation and a complete set of requirements as prescribed by the appropriate development council or the ICC for those costing above PhP 200 million. Non-confirmation of the appropriate development council or the ICC within the 60-calendar day period shall not be deemed an automatic confirmation.			
30 31 32	After confirmation is secured, final approval of local projects is vested on the Local Sanggunians per provisions of the Local Government Code.			
33 34 35 36	-	dergo	implemented by LGUs and national government agencies (NGAs) as co-grantors the abovementioned approval process required for both national and local	
37 38	Section	2.10 -	Detailed Guidelines for the Approval of Projects	
39 40 41	In the evaluation of projects, the Approving Body shall be guided by the following criteria in approving projects, among others:			
42 43 44		•	oposed project is technically feasible and is optimal—based on a value ering/value analysis study;	
45 46		value-f	or-money analysis shows that PPP modality is the most viable procurement;	

1		
2 3	C.	the outputs of the project are clearly specified and do not restrict competition. This means by which the technical solution proposed by different bids shall be evaluated
4		are likewise specified;
5		
6	d.	the project is economically viable, based on the guidelines set by the ICC Approving
7	-	Body;
8		
9	e.	the Agency's/LGU's plans for mitigating social and environmental impacts will enable
10		the project to comply with existing legal requirements;
11		
12	f.	the Project Cost is sufficient to achieve the technical requirements OF THE PROJECT ,
13		including THE GENERAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND TARGETS SET FOR THE
14		PROJECT, AND THOSE COMPONENTS NEEDED key performance indicators and targets
15		to meet social and environmental standards;
16		
17	g.	the operating costs are sufficient to achieve the operational requirements;
18	0	
19	h.	the project is financially viable for investors at the project level, provided that the
20		factors that would make the project financially viable are disclosed in the submission;
21		
22	i.	the project's cash flows are healthy and sufficient to service debt obligations, in
23		accordance with the guidelines set by the ICC;
24		
25	j.	the risk allocation complies with the Generic Preferred Risk Allocation Matrix as
26	-	determined by the ICC. Any deviation must be justified by the Agency/LGU and shall
27		be up for approval of the concerned Approving Body;
28		
29	k.	the firm payments are justified by the Agency/LGU, if included in the proposed project
30		structure;
31		
32	١.	the proposed bid parameter generates the most value-for money for the public and
33		shall not deter competition FOSTERS COMPETITION, FAIRNESS, AND TRANSPARENCY;
34		AND
35		
36	m.	the Agency/LGU has the capability to deliver its assumed obligations for the project.;
37		and
38		
39	n.	the proposed PTCs are consistent with the Act and this Revised IRR.
40		
41	•	pjects requiring the approval of the ICC and/or NEDA Board, such shall be evaluated by
42		nical working group composed of NEDA, DOF, and the Agency/LGU prior to their
43		ion to the ICC - Technical Board. The PPP Center shall serve as the secretariat of such
44	techni	cal working group.
45		

(marked-up version)

- The Approving Body ICC FOR NATIONAL PROJECTS AND LOCAL SANGGUNIANS FOR LOCAL 1 2 **PROJECTS** shall prescribe or revise detailed guidelines on the process and procedures for the 3 approval of projects provided that the same are consistent with the Act and this Revised IRR. 4 Section 2.11 - Deadline for Approval of Solicited Projects 5 6 7 The Approving Body shall approve or disapprove the project within thirty (30) working days 8 from the receipt of the Approving Body of a complete set of requirements for evaluation. 9 10 In the event of approval, the Agency/LGU must publish the invitation to pre-qualify and to bid within six (6) months unless otherwise provided or extended by the Approving Body. 11 12 13 In the event of disapproval, the Approving Body shall inform, in writing, the Agency/LGU of 14 the reason for disapproval. The Agency/LGU shall be allowed to re-submit the disapproved 15 solicited project for approval provided that the reasons for disapproval of the project are 16 addressed accordingly. Upon resubmission, the Approving Body shall treat it as a new project 17 and act on the project pursuant to this provision. 18 19 Section 2.12 - Approval of Contracts 20 21 The Head of the Agency/LGU shall review and approve the draft contract, AND ENSURE THAT 22 THE SAME which shall be based on the PTCs set forth by the Approving Body pursuant to Section 2.8 of this Revised IRR. IN NO CASE SHALL THE HEAD OF THE AGENCY/LGU SIGN THE 23 CONTRACT IF IT CONTAINS PROVISION/S THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH THE FINAL 24 25 APPROVED PTCS. IF THE EXECUTED CONTRACT CONTAINS PROVISION/S INCONSISTENT OR 26 IN CONFLICT WITH THE FINAL APPROVED PTCS, THE AGENCY/LGU AND THE PROJECT 27 PROPONENT SHALL AMEND THE EXECUTED CONTRACT TO REFLECT THE FINAL APPROVED 28 PTCS. 29 Prior to approval of the Head of Agency/LGU, the draft contract shall undergo review by the 30 Department of Finance (DOF) and the Office of the Government Corporate Counsel (OGCC), 31 the Office of the Solicitor General (OSG), or any other entity prescribed by law/issuances as 32 the statutory counsel of GOCCs and LGUs in accordance with their respective mandates and 33 34 areas of expertise. 35 36 The OSG, OGCC, or any prescribed statutory counsel as the case may be, shall issue an opinion 37 on the draft contract within twenty (20) working days upon receipt thereof. The DOF shall 38 issue an opinion on the draft contract for projects of national government agencies, local 39 projects which will involve funds of the national government, and local projects requiring ICC 40 review or approval, within twenty (20) working days upon receipt thereof. The DOF opinion on the draft contract shall contain an explicit CONFIRMATION approval of THAT the proposed 41 42 Government Undertakings ARE CONSISTENT WITH THE PTCS APPROVED BY THE APPROVING 43 BODY.
- 44

45 Any Government Undertaking stated in the draft contract not approved by the Approving

46 Body and not enumerated CONFIRMED in the DOF opinion shall not be binding against the

47 Republic.

1 2 Changes in the PTCs of the draft contract may be allowed prior to submission of bids for 3 solicited projects, or prior to submission of comparative proposals for unsolicited projects, 4 provided that the prior approval of the appropriate Approving Body and the Head of Agency/ 5 LGU shall be secured. 6 The concerned Agency/LGU shall likewise inform in writing the DOF and the concerned 7 statutory counsel of such changes as provided in this Section. 8 9 10 Changes to the PTCs of the draft contract after bid submission and prior to contract execution 11 shall not be allowed except for changes to contract terms affected or decided by the winning 12 bidder's bid. 13 14 Section 2.13 - Presidential Approval, When Required 15 16 Projects undertaken through the Build-Own-and-Operate (BOO) scheme or through Contractual Arrangements or schemes other than those defined under Section 2 of the Act 17 shall require Presidential approval. For this purpose, the Head of Agency/LGU shall submit the 18 19 proposed project to the NEDA Board through the ICC which shall evaluate the proposal and 20 forward its recommendations to the President. However, such projects shall be deemed to 21 have been approved by the President when approved at a NEDA Board meeting presided over 22 by the President. 23 **RULE 3 - THE PPP PRE-QUALIFICATION, BIDS, AND AWARDS COMMITTEE** 24 25 26 Section 3.1 – Composition 27 28 The Head of the Agency/LGU shall create a PPP Pre-qualification, Bids and Awards Committee 29 (PBAC). The Head of Agency/LGU shall determine the appropriate composition of the PBAC, 30 provided it includes the following among its members: 31 a. At least a third ranking regular official of the Agency/LGU – Chairperson 32 33 b. A legal officer - Member-Secretary 34 35 36 c. One (1) technical officer knowledgeable with the technical aspects or requirements of 37 the project, duly designated by the Head of Agency/LGU concerned on a project-to-38 project basis - Member (provisional) 39 40 d. One (1) technical officer knowledgeable with aspects or requirements of the project from a concerned Regulator, when applicable, to be invited by the Agency/LGU 41 concerned on a project-to-project basis. - Member (provisional and non-voting) 42 43 e. An officer knowledgeable in finance – Member 44 45 46 f. An officer knowledgeable in management/operation of the project – Member

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g. Two (2) representatives from the private sector: one from duly recognized Contractors 1 2 associations; and the other from either the facility users, or duly recognized accounting associations. - Observers (non-voting) 3 4 h. A representative from the Commission on Audit (COA) - Observer (non-voting) 5 6 7 i. ONE (1) REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION (PCC) - OBSERVER (NON-VOTING) 8 9 j. One (1) representative from the PPP Center for national projects, in accordance with 10 Section 2.9 (a) - Observer (non-voting) 11 12 13 k. One (1) representative from the local Department of the Interior and Local 14 Government (DILG) office, for LGU projects - Observer (non-voting) 15 16 Observers will be notified at least two (2) calendar days before the following stages: pre-bid conference, opening of bids, evaluation of bids, contract award, and special meetings of the 17 PBAC. The absence of observers will not nullify the PBAC proceedings, provided that they have 18 19 been duly invited in writing. 20 21 Section 3.2 - Responsibility of the PBAC 22 The PBAC herein created shall be responsible for all aspects of the pre-bidding and bidding 23 process in the case of solicited proposals, and for the comparative bidding process (otherwise 24 25 known as the "Swiss Challenge"), in the case of Unsolicited Proposals, including, among 26 others, the preparation of the bidding/tender documents, publication of the invitation to 27 pre-qualify and bid, pre-qualification of prospective bidders, conduct of pre-bid conferences 28 and issuance of supplemental notices, interpretation of the rules regarding the bidding, the 29 conduct of bidding, evaluation of bids, resolution of disputes between bidders, and recommendation for the acceptance of the bid and/or for the award of the project. 30 31 32 Section 3.3 - Quorum 33 34 A quorum of the PBAC shall be composed of a simple majority of all voting members of the 35 Committee. The Chairperson shall vote only in case of a tie. 36 37 38 **RULE 4 - BID/TENDER DOCUMENTS** 39 40 Section 4.1 - Bid/Tender Documents 41 42 The Agency/LGU concerned shall prepare the bid/tender documents, which shall include the 43 following: 44 a. "Instructions to Bidders"; 45 46

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b. "Draft Contract" (as approved in accordance with Section 2.12) reflecting the PTCs as 1 2 approved by the Approving Body and using the model contracts provided by 3 NEDA/PPP Center as reference; 4 c. "Bid Form" reflecting the required information to properly evaluate the bid proposal; 5 6 7 d. forms of bid and performance securities; 8 e. requirements and timelines/milestones of concerned Agencies in granting of 9 franchise, if applicable; and 10 11 f. other documents as may be deemed necessary by the Agency/LGU concerned. 12 13 14 Section 4.2 – Instruction to Bidders 15 16 The instruction to bidders, which establish the rules of the bidding, shall be clear, comprehensive and fair to all bidders and shall, as far as necessary and practicable, include 17 18 the following information: 19 a. General description and objectives of the project, including a statement that the 20 project shall be proposed under Republic Act No. 6957, as amended by Republic Act 21 22 No. 7718 and this Revised IRR; 23 b. Contractual arrangement under which the project shall be undertaken; 24 25 26 c. Bid submission procedures and requirements, which shall include information on the 27 manner of bid submission, the number of copies of bid proposal to be submitted, 28 where the bids are to be submitted, the deadline for the submission of bids, permissible mode of transmission of bid proposals, etc.; 29 30 d. Investment Incentives and Government Undertakings under Rule 13; 31 32 e. Bid security and bid security validity period; 33 34 35 f. Milestones; 36 g. Method and criteria for the evaluation of the technical component of the bids; 37 38 39 h. Parameters and criteria for evaluation of financial component of the bids; 40 Any one or more of the following criteria may be used in the evaluation of the financial 41 component of the bid for determining the most advantageous bid for the 42 Government: 43 44 45 i. Lowest proposed toll, *FARE*, fee, rental, *AND*/or charge at the start of project 46 operation, if a tariff adjustment formula *IS* approved by the Regulator pursuant 47 to Sections 12.16.2 and 12.18 is prescribed in the bid document;

	ii.	Lowest present value of government subsidy to be provided for the period		
		covered by the contract;		
	iii.	Highest present value of proposed payments to Government, such as:		
		concession fees, lease/rental payments, fixed/guaranteed payments, and/or		
		variable payments/ percentage shares of revenue for the period covered by		
		the contract; or		
	iv.	Any other appropriate financial bid parameter as may be approved by the		
		Approving Body.		
i.	Minim	um amount of equity as prescribed by the Approving Body ;		
	_			
j.		la and appropriate indices to be used in the adjustments of tolls, FARES, fees,		
	-	Is, AND/OR charges, as approved by the Regulator pursuant to Sections 12.16.2		
		2.18. Said formula shall take into account the reasonableness of the same to		
	users	of the project/facility under bidding;		
k	Poquir	ements of concerned Regulators, such as, but not limited to: the Department		
к.	-	ironment and Natural Resources (DENR), for the issuance of an Environmental		
		iance Certificate (ECC); National Water Resources Board (NWRB), for the		
	•	ce of the Water Permit; the PCAB, for the registration requirements of		
		actors; and, the Toll Regulatory Board (TRB), for the review of toll rates and		
		ment formula;		
	· ·) · · ·			
١.	Requir	rements and timelines/milestones of concerned Agencies in granting of		
	-	ise, if applicable;		
m.	Currer	nt rules and regulations of the BSP;		
n.	Reven	ue sharing arrangements, if any;		
0.	Expect	ed commissioning date, AS APPLICABLE; and		
р.	Natior	ality and ownership requirements as required by law.		
Section	n 4.3 - I	Draft Contract		
T b - 11				
		the Agency/LGU shall be responsible in ensuring the consistency of the draft		
	ntract with the PTCs as approved by the Approving Body, pursuant to Section 2.8 of this			
Revise	u ikk.			
Tho dr	oft con	tract should clearly define the basic and legal relationship between the parties		
		its and responsibilities including the specific Government Undertakings, and		
	-	nd undertakings of the Project Proponent relative to the project. The draft		
		have the following mandatory terms or conditions:		
	I. m. n. o. p. Section The He contra Revise The dr and th obligat	iii. iv. i. Minim j. Formu /renta and 12 users of k. Requir of Env Compl issuan Contra adjust l. Requir franch m. Currer n. Reven o. Expect p. Nation Section 4.3 - I The Head of f contract with Revised IRR.		

1					
2	a.	specific contractual arrangement, term, and scope of work;			
3					
4	b.	key performance indicators, targets, and procedures for measuring and reporting			
5		results;			
6					
7	c.	implementation milestones including those for securing other approvals, project			
8		completion date;			
9					
10	d.	cost recovery scheme via proposed tolls, FARES, fees, rentals, and/OR charges, as the			
11		case may be;			
12					
13	e.	obligation of the Project Proponent to disclose loan agreements OR FINANCING			
14		DOCUMENTS , as required under Section 14.6;			
15					
16	f.	liquidated damages as contemplated under Section 12.14;			
17					
18	g.	performance security requirements, including their validity and top-up mechanism			
19		procedures, contemplated under Sections 12.8 and 12.9;			
20					
21	h.	minimum insurance coverage as may be required for the project, such as Contractors'			
22		all risk, motor vehicle, workmen's compensation, third party liability, force majeure,			
23		or comprehensive general liability insurance, as may be applicable;			
24					
25	i.	acceptance tests and procedures;			
26					
27	j.	warranty period and procedures (after transfer) and warranty security;			
28	-				
29	k.	LOCK-IN PERIODS, AS APPLICABLE;			
30					
31	١.	grounds for and effects of contract termination;			
32					
33	m.	CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR LENDER STEP-IN RIGHTS;			
34					
35	n.	CONDITIONS FOR ACCEPTABLE PERMITTED SECURITY INTEREST;			
36					
37	о.	procedures for resolving disputes as detailed in Section 12.22 of this Revised IRR;			
38					
39	р.	the manner and procedures for the resolution of warranty against corruption; and			
40	•				
41	q.	compliance with all other applicable laws, rules, and regulations.			
42	·				
43	In acc	ordance with Section 2.12, prior to approval of the draft contract by the Head of			
44		ency/LGU, the Office of the Government Corporate Counsel (OGCC), the Office of the			
45	-	or General (OSG) or any other entity prescribed by law/issuances as the statutory			
46		el of GOCCs and LGUs, and the Department of Finance (DOF), for projects of national			

47 government agencies, local projects which will involve funds of the national government, and

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- 1 local projects requiring ICC review/approval, shall each issue an opinion on the draft contract,
- in accordance with their respective mandates and areas of expertise, within twenty (20)working days upon receipt thereof.
- 4 5

6 RULE 5 - QUALIFICATION OF BIDDERS

8 Section 5.1 - Who May Participate

9

7

Any individual, partnership, corporation, firm, whether local or foreign, including consortia of local, foreign or local and foreign firms, or cooperative subject to the limits herein set, may participate or apply for pre- or simultaneous qualification for projects covered under the provisions of the Act and this Revised IRR.

14

15 Section 5.2 - Publication of Invitation to Pre-qualify and Bid

16

The publication of Invitation to Pre-qualify and Bid for a particular project shall not be made
unless the Approving Body has approved the PTCs for the project which shall serve as basis
for the draft contract as provided in Section 4.3.

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21 The Head of the Agency/LGU concerned shall, after obtaining approval for the project, 22 forthwith cause to be published, once every week for three (3) consecutive weeks, in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation, print and online, and in at least one (1) local 23 newspaper, print and online, of general circulation in the region, province, city or municipality 24 25 in which the projects are to be implemented, a notice inviting all prospective infrastructure 26 or development Project Proponents to pre-qualify and bid for the projects so approved. Said 27 invitation should also be posted continuously on the websites of the Agency/LGU concerned, 28 if available, and the PPP Center, and any online government portal for the purpose, during 29 the period stated above. If the total project cost amounts to at least PhP 500 million, the 30 invitation may also be published in at least one (1) newspaper, print and online, of 31 international publication. Likewise, the Agency/LGU concerned shall issue official notification 32 of the same to Project Proponents registered with them.

33

The published Invitation to Pre-qualify and Bid shall contain information, among others, whether the Contractor to be employed to undertake the Construction works needs to be pre-identified for pre- qualification purposes or not.

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For changes in the information contained in the published invitation to Pre-qualify and to Bid, the Agency/LGU may cause the invitation reflecting said changes to be published anew in accordance with this section.

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42 Section 5.3 - Period to Prepare Pre-qualification Documents

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The Agency/LGU concerned shall allow prospective bidders at least fifteen (15) calendar days from the last date of publication of the Invitation to Pre-qualify and Bid to prepare their respective pre- qualification documents. In any event, the deadline for submission of pre-

47 qualification statements shall be indicated in the published Invitation to Pre-qualify and Bid.

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Section 5.4 - Pre-qualification Requirements

4 To pre-qualify, a prospective Project Proponent must comply with the following 5 requirements:

a. Legal Requirements

- 9 i. For projects to be implemented under a contractual arrangement which 10 requires a public utility Franchise for its operation, and where the Project Proponent and Facility Operator are one and the same entity, the prospective 11 12 Project Proponent must be Filipinos or, if corporations, must be duly registered 13 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and owned up to at least 14 sixty percent (60%) by **A** Filipinos, or, if a consortium of local, foreign, or local 15 and foreign firms, Filipinos must have at least sixty percent (60%) interest in 16 said consortium, or, if cooperatives, must be duly registered with the 17 Cooperative Development Authority (CDA).
- 19ii.For projects to be implemented through a contractual arrangement requiring
a public utility Franchise for its operation but where the Project Proponent and
Facility Operator may be two separate and independent entities, the Facility
Operator must be a Filipino or, if a corporation, must be duly registered with
the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and owned up to at least sixty
percent (60%) by Filipinos, or, if cooperatives, must be duly registered with the
Cooperative Development Authority (CDA).
- iii. For projects that do not require a public utility Franchise for its operation, the
 prospective Project Proponent or the Facility Operator may be Filipino or
 foreign-owned, SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAWS.
- 31iv.In case the prospective Project Proponent is a consortium, the members or32participants thereof shall be disclosed during the pre-qualification stage and33shall undergo pre-qualification. Further, the members or participants thereof34shall execute an undertaking in favor of the Agency/LGU that if awarded the35contract, they shall bind themselves to be jointly and severally liable for the36obligations of the Project Proponent under the contract.
- However, if members of the consortium organize themselves as a corporation registered under Philippine laws, such corporation shall execute such an undertaking binding itself to be liable for the obligations of the Project Proponent under the contract, which shall substitute or be in lieu of the undertaking submitted by the members or participants of the consortium.
- v. For purposes of pre-qualification, the Contractor proposed to be engaged by
 the Project Proponent to undertake the Construction of the project must be
 duly licensed and accredited by the PCAB, in the case of a Filipino Contractor,
 or by an equivalent accreditation institution in the Contractor's country of

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6 7 origin, in the case of a foreign Contractor. Once the Project Proponent is awarded the project, such foreign Contractor must secure a license and accreditation from the PCAB.

- b. **Experience or Track Record** The prospective Project Proponent must possess adequate experience in terms of the following:
- i. Firm Experience – By itself or through the member-firms in case of a 8 consortium, or through a Contractor(s) OR NOMINATED AFFILIATES, 9 **PROPOSED FACILITY OPERATORS AND/OR ENTITIES BOUND BY A TECHNICAL** 10 SERVICES AGREEMENT, COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS NOMINATED 11 ENTITIES, which the prospective Project Proponent may engage for the 12 13 project, the prospective Project Proponent, and/or its Contractor(s), AND/OR 14 **NOMINATED ENTITIES,** must have successfully undertaken a project(s) similar 15 or related to the subject infrastructure or development project to be bid. The 16 individual firms, and/or their Contractor(s), AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES may individually specialize on any or several phases of the project(s). A 17 consortium proponent shall be evaluated based on the individual or collective 18 19 experience of the member-firms of the consortium and of the Contractor(s) **AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES** that it has engaged for the project, even if the 20 Contractor AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITY is not a member of the consortium. 21 22 The experience of the Contractor(s) AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES which the prospective Project Proponent will engage for the project shall be evaluated if 23 it is necessary for the determination of the capacity of the consortium to 24 25 undertake the project. iIn such case, the Contractor(s) AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES must have successfully undertaken a project(s) similar or related to 26 27 the project to be bid. SUCH CONTRACTOR AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES 28 SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A LOCK-IN PERIOD PURSUANT TO THE CONTRACT.
- For purposes of the above, consortia shall submit as part of their pre-30 31 qualification statement a business plan which shall, among others, identify their members, the equity interest/contribution of each member to the 32 consortium, their prospective Contractor(s) AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES, if 33 34 the experience of their Contractor(s) AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES are 35 necessary for the determination of the capacity of the consortium to 36 undertake the project, and the description of the respective roles said members and Contractors AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES, if necessary, shall 37 play or undertake in the project, including as to which member(s) is(are) the 38 prospective facility operator(s), if applicable. If undecided on a specific 39 Contractor AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES, the prospective Project 40 Proponent may submit a short list of Contractors AND/OR NOMINATED 41 **ENTITIES** from among which it will select **FROM** the final Contractor. Short 42 listed Contractors AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES are required to submit a 43 44 statement indicating willingness to participate in the project and capacity to 45 undertake the requirements of the project.
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(marked-up version)

Key Personnel Experience - The key personnel of the prospective Project 1 ii. 2 Proponent and/or its Contractor(s) AND/OR NOMINATED ENTITIES must have 3 sufficient experience in the relevant aspect of schemes similar or related to the 4 subject project, as specified by the Agency/LGU. 5 c. Financial Capability - The prospective Project Proponent must have adequate 6 7 capability to sustain the financing requirements for the detailed engineering design, Construction and/or operation and maintenance phases of the project, as the case 8 9 may be. 10 The Agency/LGU concerned shall determine on a project-to-project basis, and before 11 pre-qualification, the minimum amount of equity needed. 12 13 14 For purposes of pre-qualification, this capability shall be measured in terms of proof 15 of the ability of the prospective Project Proponent and/or the consortium to provide: 16 i. 17 Equity 18 1. a minimum amount of equity to the project measured in terms of the 19 latest net worth less equity commitments to other projects. OF THE 20 COMPANY, OR IN THE CASE OF CONSORTIA, THE NET WORTH OF THE 21 22 LEAD MEMBER OR THE COMBINED NET WORTH OF MEMBERS, OR 23 Net worth shall be measured by deducting total liabilities from the total 24 25 assets based on the latest audited financial statements of the company or 26 each member of the consortia. In case of consortia, the net worth 27 computed shall be prorated net worth of each member based on the 28 proposed ownership structure. 29 Equity committed to other projects are (1) the equity requirements for the 30 value of all outstanding or uncompleted portions of project construction 31 under ongoing or awarded projects (exclusive of the total assets and total 32 liabilities provided under the latest AFS); and (2) the sum of required 33 34 equity contributions to unsolicited proposals where original proponent 35 status has been granted to the Project Proponent. 36 37 For this capability, the Project Proponent shall submit: 38 39 (a) latest audited financial statement; 40 (b) a sworn affidavit disclosing the Project Proponent's, or, in the case 41 of consortia, each member's other projects that are ongoing and 42 new projects requiring equity, with the corresponding value and 43 schedule of outstanding equity requirements for each project. for 44 purposes of this Revised IRR, the term "new projects" shall refer to 45 46 unsolicited projects where the original proponent is granted with

4		an anicipal and an estate (ODC) in accordance with Costian 10.7
1		an original proponent status (OPS) in accordance with Section 10.7
2		of this Revised IRR;
3		
4		(c) a sworn affidavit disclosing the Project Proponent's, or, in the case
5		of consortia, each member's other projects that are ongoing and
6		new projects requiring debt financing;
7		
8		(d)-debt to be incurred in all projects; and
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10		(e) equity required by all projects.
10		(c) equity required by an projects.
		The proceestive Project Progenent shall be deemed to have the conshility
12		The prospective Project Proponent shall be deemed to have the capability
13		to fund equity requirements for the project if the latest net worth, or in
14		case of consortia, the sum of the latest net worth of each member, based
15		on the proposed ownership structure, is at least equal to the sum of the
16		minimum amount of equity required for the project and the outstanding
17		equity requirements for the other projects that are under approval,
18		awarded, and under implementation disclosed in the sworn affidavit; or
19		
20		2. a set-aside deposit equivalent to the minimum equity required, committed
21		solely for the project.
22		
23		For avoidance of doubt, joint and several liability agreements, accession
24		agreements, guarantee letters from parent companies, or other
25		documents not explicitly stated above shall not be considered by the
26		Agency/LGU in determining the Project Proponent's financial capability to
27		provide equity.
28		
29	ii.	Debt
30		
31		The Project Proponent shall demonstrate its capability to finance the project
32		with debt by submitting a letter testimonial from a bank attesting that:
33		
34		1. the prospective Project Proponent and/or members of the consortium are
35		banking with them;
		banking with them,
36		2. The Device Device of the second terms is seed.
37		2. The Project Proponent and/or members of the consortium are in good
38		financial standing and/or are qualified to obtain credit accommodations
39		from such banks to finance the project equivalent to the value of the debt
40		requirement in the proposal.
41		
42		The testimonial must come from a domestic universal/commercial bank or an
43		international bank that is authorized by the BSP to transact in the Philippines.
44		, FF
45		For the avoidance of doubt, the sworn affidavit contemplated in Section 5.4 (c)
46		(i) is a separate and different requirement from the letter testimonial as proof
40		of capability to raise debt financing.
47		or capability to raise debt middleing.

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The Agency/LGU, through its PBAC, shall complete the evaluation of the prequalification documents of the prospective Project Proponents within twenty (20) calendar days from receipt of the complete submission of the prospective Project Proponent's pre-qualification documents.

THE ICC FOR NATIONAL PROJECTS AND THE LOCAL SANGGUNIANS FOR LOCAL PROJECTS MAY PRESCRIBE AND REVISE DETAILED GUIDELINES ON THE METHODOLOGY TO ESTABLISH THE LEGAL, TECHNICAL, AND FINANCIAL QUALIFICATIONS OF THE PROJECT PROPONENT.

10 11

Section 5.5 - Pre-qualified and Disqualified Proponents

12 13 The Agency/LGU, through its PBAC, shall, within a period of twenty (20) calendar days after 14 the deadline set for the submission of the pre-qualification documents, determine which 15 among prospective proponents are "pre-qualified" or "disqualified". Accordingly, the PBAC 16 shall duly inform the prospective Project Proponents who have been pre-qualified within five (5) calendar days after approval thereof. Disqualified proponents shall likewise be informed 17 stating therein the grounds for their disgualification within the same period. Those 18 19 disqualified may appeal the disqualification within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of the notice of disgualification to the Head of Agency in the case of national projects, or the 20 Head of the DILG unit concerned or his authorized representative, in the case of local projects. 21 22 The bidding process will be suspended while the appeal is being evaluated. The Head of Agency or Head of the DILG unit concerned or his authorized representative, as the case may 23 be, shall act on the appeal within forty-five (45) working days from receipt of the appeal and 24 25 upon filing of a non-refundable appeal fee in an amount equivalent to no less than one half 26 of one percent (0.5%) of the Project Cost as approved by the Approving Body, PURSUANT TO 27 THE GUIDELINES TO BE ISSUED BY THE PPP GOVERNING BOARD. The decision of the Head of 28 Agency of Head of the DILG unit concerned or his authorized representative on the appeal 29 shall be final and immediately executory.

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31 Section 5.6 - Issuance of Tender Documents

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The Agency/LGU concerned shall make available the related bid documents to THE PUBLIC BY 33 34 POSTING IT ON THEIR RESPECTIVE WEBSITES. THE AGENCY/LGU RETAINS THE DISCRETION 35 TO REDACT INFORMATION THAT ARE CONFIDENTIAL OR PROPRIETARY, OR WHEN THE 36 DISCLOSURE OF SUCH INFORMATION IS PROHIBITED BY EXISTING LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS, OR MAY POSE THREATS TO NATIONAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC SAFETY. aAll pre-37 qualified bidders SHALL BE GIVEN upon completion of pre-qualification evaluation and 38 39 issuance of notice of pre qualification/ disqualification to provide respective bidders ample 40 time to examine the same and to prepare their respective bids prior to the date of opening of 41 bids. 42

43 Section 5.7 - Simultaneous or Single-stage Qualification and Bidding

44

In the exigency of service, the Agency/LGU Head may opt to do a simultaneous qualification instead of a pre-qualification of proponents. In case of simultaneous qualification, the publication of the invitation, following the requirements in Section 5.2, shall be for the

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- submission of qualification requirements and bid proposals. The bidders shall be asked to submit their proposal in three envelopes; the first envelope - the qualification documents corresponding to the requirements so stated in Section 5.4 herein; the second envelope - the technical proposal; and the third envelope - the financial proposal. The requirements for bid submission are covered under Rule 7 of this Revised IRR. The period for the preparation of the qualification documents shall be subsumed under the time allotted for bid preparation.
- 6 7

Section 5.8 - Changes to Pre-qualification and Tender Documents

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10 If changes to pre-qualification and tender documents are made prior to pre-qualification of prospective bidders, the Agency/LGU shall issue a bid bulletin to all bidders who had 11 purchased the tender/bid documents informing them of such changes, and afford them 12 13 reasonable time within which to consider the same in the preparation of their 14 submission/bids. Such issuance shall be duly acknowledged by each bidder prior to the 15 submission of his pre-qualification documents/bid and shall be so indicated in his submission/bid. This shall be observed under the single-stage bidding process (simultaneous 16 qualification) as well as in the two-stage bidding process. 17

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Further, if changes to pre-qualification and tender documents are made after the pre-qualification stage, the bid bulletin shall be issued only to all pre-qualified bidders.

21

Changes in the PTCs, approved by the Approving Body, may be allowed prior to the issuance
 of the bid bulletin for any documents obtained by prospective bidders for single-stage and
 two-stage bidding process; provided that, the prior approval of the appropriate Approving
 Body and the Head of Agency/LGU shall be secured.

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The concerned Agency/LGU shall inform in writing the DOF and the concerned statutory counsel as provided in Section 2.12 of this Revised IRR of such changes.

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0 Section 5.9 - Acceptance of Criteria and Waiver of Rights to Enjoin Project

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All prospective bidders shall be required to submit, as part of their qualification documents, 32 a statement stipulating that the bidder (i) has accepted the qualification criteria established 33 by the PBAC of the Agency/LGU concerned, and (ii) waives any right it may have to seek and 34 35 obtain a writ of injunction or prohibition or restraining order against the concerned 36 Agency/LGU or its PBAC to prevent or restrain the qualification process or any proceedings 37 related thereto, the holding of a bidding or any proceedings related thereto, the negotiation of and award of the contract to a successful bidder, and the carrying out of the awarded 38 39 contract. Such waiver shall, however, be without prejudice to the right of a disqualified or 40 losing bidder to question the lawfulness of its disgualification or the rejection of its bid by appropriate administrative or judicial processes not involving the issuance of a writ of 41 42 injunction or prohibition or restraining order.

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45 RULE 6 - SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICES AND PRE-BID CONFERENCES

(marked-up version)

1 Section 6.1 - Responsibility of Bidder

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The prospective bidder shall be solely responsible for having taken all the necessary steps to carefully examine and acquaint himself with the requirements and terms and conditions of the bidding documents with respect to the cost, duration, and execution/operation of the project as it affects the preparation and submission of his bid. The Agency/LGU concerned shall not assume any responsibility regarding erroneous interpretations or conclusions by the prospective bidder out of data furnished or indicated in the bidding documents.

9 10

Section 6.2 - Supplemental Notices

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12 If a bidder is in doubt as to the meaning of any data or requirements or any part of the bidding 13 documents, written request may be submitted to the Agency/LGU concerned for an 14 interpretation of the same, allowing sufficient time for the concerned Agency/LGU to reply 15 before the submission of his/her bid. Any substantive interpretation given by the concerned 16 Agency/LGU shall be issued in the form of a Supplemental Notice, and furnished to all prospective bidders. The Agency/LGU concerned may also issue Supplemental Notices to all 17 prospective bidders at any time for purposes of clarifying any provisions of the bidding 18 19 documents provided that the same is issued within a reasonable period to allow all bidders 20 to consider the same in the preparation of their bids. Receipt of all Supplemental Notices shall 21 be duly acknowledged by each bidder prior to the submission of his bid and shall be so 22 indicated in the bid.

23

24 Section 6.3 - Pre-bid Conference

25

For projects costing less than PhP 300 million, a pre-bid conference shall also be conducted by the concerned Agency/LGU at least thirty (30) calendar days before the deadline for the submission of bids to clarify any provisions, requirements and/or terms and conditions of the bidding documents and/ or any other matter that the prospective bidders may raise. For projects costing PhP 300 million and above, the pre-bid conference shall be conducted no later than sixty (60) calendar days before the submission of bids.

32

Nothing stated at the pre-bid conference shall modify any provisions or terms and conditions 33 34 of the bidding documents unless such is made as a written amendment thereto by the 35 concerned Agency/LGU. Any amendments shall be issued by the Agency/LGU concerned to 36 all bidders within a reasonable time to allow them to consider the same in the preparation of 37 their bids and shall be duly acknowledged by each bidder prior to the submission of his bid 38 and shall be so indicated in his bid. A summary of the pre-bid conference proceedings shall 39 also be issued to all prospective bidders by the Agency/LGU concerned. Attendance to the 40 pre-bid conference by prospective bidders shall not be mandatory.

41 42

43 RULE 7 - SUBMISSION, RECEIPT AND OPENING OF BIDS

- 44
- 45 Section 7.1 Requirements for Bid Submission
- 46

(marked-up version)

1 Bidders shall be required to submit their bids on or before the deadline stipulated in the 2 "Instructions to Bidders". For pre-gualified bidders, their bids shall be submitted in at least 3 two (2) separate sealed envelopes, the first being the technical proposal and the second the 4 financial proposal. In case of simultaneous qualification, at least three (3) envelopes shall be 5 submitted. The first envelope shall be the qualification requirements, the second the 6 technical proposal and the third the financial proposal. All envelopes shall bear the name of 7 the bidder and project to be bid out in capital letters and addressed to the PBAC of the concerned Agency/LGU. They shall be marked "Do Not Open Before (date and time of opening 8 9 of bids)". The envelopes shall be appropriately labeled as Qualification Requirements, 10 Technical Proposal and Financial Proposal. 11 a. The "Qualification Requirements" shall contain requirements as stated in Section 5.4; 12 13 14 b. The "Technical Proposal" shall contain the following requirements, as may be deemed 15 necessary by the concerned Agency/LGU: 16 i. 17 Acceptance/Compliance statements with regard to all terms and conditions in the tender documents including those with regard to financial parameters and 18 19 any changes which were made thereto by the Agency/LGU prior to bid 20 submission. 21 22 ii. Operational feasibility of the project, which shall indicate the proposed organization, methods and procedures for the operation and maintenance of 23 24 the project under bidding; 25 26 iii. Technical soundness/preliminary engineering design, including proposed 27 project timeline; 28 29 Preliminary environmental assessment, which shall indicate the probable iv. adverse effects of the project on the environment and the corresponding 30 31 mitigating measures to be adopted; 32 Project Cost; 33 ٧. 34 35 vi. Bid Security. The Agency/LGU shall determine which form of Bid Security it will 36 require which may be in cash, certified check, manager's check, letter of credit, 37 or bank draft/guarantee issued by a reputable local/foreign bank, or a surety 38 bond callable on demand issued by the Government Service Insurance System 39 (GSIS) or an entity duly registered and recognized by the office of the Insurance 40 Commissioner and acceptable to the Agency/LGU, or any combination thereof payable to the Agency/LGU concerned based on the total Project Cost (as 41 indicated by the prospective Project Proponent) in accordance with the 42 following schedules: 43 44

PROJECT COST	
(as estimated by the Agency/LGU or	REQUIRED BID SECURITY
proposed by the Project Proponent)	

less than PhP 5.0 billion	2.0% of the Project Cost
l ess EQUAL TO OR MORE than PhP	1.5% of the Project Cost or PhP
5.0 billion to less than PhP 10.0 billion	100 million, whichever is higher
PhP 10.0 billion and more	1.0% of the Project Cost or PhP
PhP 10.0 billion and more	150 million, whichever is higher

- 1 The Agency/LGU shall determine whether the Bid Security shall be issued by a 2 local bank, an international bank, or both. In case the bid security is issued by 3 an international bank, said security has to be confirmed and validated by its 4 local branch in the Philippines or by a bank that is duly registered and 5 authorized by the BSP.
- 7 The posting of the bid security is for the purpose of guaranteeing that the 8 proposed contract awardee shall enter into contract with the concerned Agency within the time prescribed therefore. 9
- Bids and bid securities shall be valid for a period to be prescribed by the 11 Agency/LGU concerned in the bidding documents but in no case beyond one 12 13 hundred and eighty (180) calendar days from the date of opening of bids, 14 subject to Section 11.7. The actual amount of bid security to be posted by the 15 bidders will be fixed by the concerned Agency/LGU prior to bidding. Said actual amount shall not be less than the amount prescribed in the above schedule. 16
- Other documents as may be required by the concerned Agency/LGU to support 18 vii. the bidder's technical proposal. 19
 - c. The "Financial Proposal" shall contain the following, as the case may be:
 - Proposed Project Cost, operation and maintenance cost, and all other related i. costs;
 - ii. Project financing scheme, which may include the amount of equity to be infused, debt to be obtained for the project, and sources of financing; and
- 29 Financial bid corresponding to the parameters set by the Agency/LGU in iii. 30 accordance with Section 4.2 (h).
- Section 7.2 Submission of Late Bids 32
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- Bids submitted after the deadline for submission prescribed in the "Instructions to Bidders" 34 35 shall be considered late and shall be returned unopened.
- Section 7.3 Opening of the Envelope for Qualification of Bidder 37
- 38

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At the date and time stipulated in the "Instructions to Bidders", the PBAC shall open the 39 40 envelope and ascertain whether the same is complete in terms of the information required 41 under Section 5.4. Such information shall be recorded at the time, including the names and

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- 1 addresses of required witnesses. All bidders or their representatives present at the opening
- 2 of the first envelopes shall sign a register of the opening of the qualification envelope.
- 3

Section 7.4 - Evaluation of Qualification Requirements

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6 The qualification documents will first be evaluated prior to the opening of the technical 7 proposal. The Agency/LGU shall inform bidders whether they are qualified or disqualified, and 8 for the latter, the reasons for disqualification, within ten (10) calendar days. Only qualified 9 bidders shall be allowed to participate in the bid evaluation. Disqualified bidders shall be 10 informed of the grounds of disqualification and their technical and financial proposals 11 returned unopened.

12

14

13 Section 7.5 - Rejection of Bids

Incomplete information on any of the envelopes and/or non-compliance with the bid security
 requirements prescribed in Section 7.1 (b) shall be grounds for automatic rejection of bids.

18 Section 7.6 - Opening of the Envelope for the Technical Proposal

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17

At the date and time of bid opening, as stipulated in the "Instructions to Bidders", the PBAC shall open only the technical proposal and ascertain whether the same is complete in terms of the data/information required under Section 7.1 (b) above and whether the same is accompanied by the required bid security in the prescribed form, amount and period of validity. Such information shall be recorded at the time, including the names and addresses of required witnesses. All bidders or their representatives present at the opening of the first envelopes shall sign a register of the bid opening.

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28 Section 7.7 - Opening of the Envelope for the Financial Proposal

29

Only those bidders whose technical proposal passed the evaluation criteria as prescribed
 under Section 8.1 hereof shall have their financial proposal opened for further evaluation.
 Those who failed the evaluation of the technical proposal shall not be considered further, and
 the PBAC shall return their financial proposals unopened together with the reasons for their
 disqualification from the bidding.

35

36 Once the bidders who have qualified for the evaluation of the financial proposal have been 37 determined, the PBAC shall notify said bidders of the date, time and place of the opening of 38 the envelopes for the financial proposal. The opening thereof shall follow the same 39 procedures prescribed for the opening of the previous envelopes.

40

41 Section 7.8 - Withdrawal and/or Modification of Bids

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Withdrawal and/or modification of bids may be allowed upon written notice by the bidder
concerned to the Agency/LGU prior to the time and date set for the opening of bids (opening
of first envelopes) as specified in the "Instructions to Bidders". No bids shall be modified or
withdrawn after the time prescribed to open bids. Bid modifications received after said period

(marked-up version)

- shall be considered late and will be returned unopened. Withdrawal of bids after the bid 1
- 2 opening date shall cause the forfeiture of the bidder's bid security.
- 3 4

5 **RULE 8 - EVALUATION OF BIDS**

7 Section 8.1 - The First Envelope Evaluation

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9 The evaluation of bids shall be undertaken in two (2) stages, in accordance with the 10 procedures described below.

11

12 The first envelope evaluation shall involve the assessment of the technical, operational, 13 environmental and financing viability of the proposal as contained in the bidders' first 14 envelopes vis-à-vis the prescribed requirements and criteria/minimum standards and basic 15 parameters prescribed in the bidding documents. Only those bids that have been determined 16 to have positively passed the first stage of evaluation shall be qualified and considered for the 17 second stage of evaluation.

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19 The Agency/LGU concerned shall evaluate the technical proposals of the bidder in accordance 20 with the following criteria:

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22 a. Technical soundness (preliminary engineering design) - The basic engineering design of the project should conform to the minimum design and performance standards and 23 specifications set by the Agency/LGU concerned as prescribed in the bidding 24 documents. The engineering surveys, plans and estimates should be undertaken within +/- 20% of the final quantities. The Construction methods and schedules should also be presented and shown to be feasible or "doable".

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b. Operational feasibility - The proposed organization, methods, and procedures for operating and maintaining the completed facility must be well defined, should conform to the prescribed performance standards, and should be shown to be workable. Where feasible, it should provide for the transfer of technology used in every phase of the project.

35 c. Environmental Standards - The proposed design and the technology of the project to be used must be in accordance with the environmental standards set forth by the 36 37 Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), as indicated in the bid 38 documents. Any adverse effects on the environment as a consequence of the project 39 as proposed by the prospective Project Proponent must be properly identified, 40 including the corresponding corrective/mitigating measures to be adopted.

d. Project Financing - The proposed financing plan should positively show that the same 42 could adequately meet the Construction cost as well as the operating and 43 maintenance costs requirements of the project. The Agency/LGU concerned shall 44 45 assess the financing proposals of the bidders if the same matches and adequately 46 meets the cost requirements of the project under bidding.

47

1 2	The PBAC of the Agency/LGU concerned shall complete the evaluation of the technical proposal within twenty (20) calendar days from the date the bids are opened.				
3					
4 5	Section 8.2 - The Second Envelope Evaluation				
6	The se	cond envelope evaluation shall involve the assessment and comparison of the financial			
7	propos	sals of the bidders, based on the parameters stated in Section 4.2 (h). The second stage			
8	evalua	tion shall be completed by the PBAC of the concerned Agency/LGU within fifteen (15)			
9	calend	dar days from the date the first stage evaluation shall have been completed.			
10					
11		case of BT and BLT schemes, a Filipino Project Proponent who submits an equally			
12		antageous bid with exactly the same price and technical specifications as that of a foreign			
13	Projec	t Proponent shall be given preference.			
14 15	Sectio	n 8.3 - Right to Reject All Bids			
16					
17	The A	Agency/LGU concerned reserves the right to reject any or all bids, waive any minor			
18	defect	s therein and accept the offer it deems most advantageous to the Government.			
19					
20					
21	RULES	- NEGOTIATED CONTRACT			
22	C				
23	Sectio	n 9.1 - Direct Negotiation			
24 25	Diroct	negotiation shall be resorted to when there is only one complying bidder left as defined			
26	hereur				
27	nereu				
28	a.	If, after advertisement, only one prospective Project Proponent applies for pre-			
29 30	-	qualification and it meets the pre-qualification requirements, after which, it is required to submit a bid/proposal which is subsequently found by the Agency/LGU to			
31 32		be complying;			
33	b.	If, after advertisement, more than one prospective Project Proponent applied for			
34		pregualification but only one meets the pre-gualification requirements, after which it			
35		submits a bid proposal that is found by the Agency/LGU to be complying;			
36					
37	с.	If, after pre-qualification of more than one prospective Project Proponent, only one			
38		submits a bid which is found by the Agency/LGU to be complying;			
39					
40	d.	If, after pre-qualification, more than one prospective Project Proponent submits bids			
41		but only one is found by the Agency/LGU to be complying;			
42					
43		h events, however, any disqualified bidder may appeal the disqualification of the			
44		ned Agency/LGU to the Head of Agency, in case of national projects, or to the Head of			
45	the DILG unit concerned or his authorized representative, in case of local projects, within				
46	fifteen (15) working days from receipt of the notice of disqualification. The Head of Agency or				
47	the Head of the DILG unit concerned or his authorized representative shall act on the appeal				

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- 1 within forty-five (45) working days from receipt thereof. The decision of the Head of Agency
- or the Head of the DILG unit concerned or his authorized representative shall be final and
 immediately executory.

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5 Section 9.2 - Unsolicited Proposals

- 7 Unsolicited Proposals may be accepted by an Agency/LGU on a negotiated basis, subject to
 8 the conditions provided under Rule 10.
- 9

10 Section 9.3 - Conditions for Negotiated Contracts

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In instances where negotiated contracts are allowed, the ICC shall determine the RROR prior to the negotiation in the case of solicited proposals as referred to under Section 9.1 of this Revised IRR or call for proposals in the case of unsolicited proposals. The scope of negotiation, in the case of solicited proposals referred to under Section 9.1 of this Revised IRR, shall be limited to the financial proposal of the lone complying bidder and in compliance with the RROR prescribed by the ICC.

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19 Section 9.4 - Financial and Technical Evaluation of Negotiated Contracts

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In so far as applicable, the same rules provided for the evaluation of the technical and financial
 aspects of bid proposals shall be applied in the evaluation of Negotiated Contracts authorized
 in the Act and this Revised IRR.

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26 RULE 10 - UNSOLICITED PROPOSALS

28 Section 10.1 - Requisites for Unsolicited Proposals

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Any Agency/LGU may accept Unsolicited Proposals on a negotiated basis provided that all the
 following conditions are met:

- the project involves a new concept or technology as determined by the Agency/LGU and/or is not part of the List of Priority Projects;
- b. no Direct Government Guarantee, **DIRECT GOVERNMENT S**ubsidy or **DIRECT GOVERNMENT eE**quity is required; and
- 37 38 39
- c. the Agency/LGU concerned has invited by publication, for three (3) consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation, comparative or competitive proposals and no other proposal is received for a period of sixty (60) working days.
- 41 42

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PROJECTS INCLUDED IN THE "LIST OF PRIORITY PROJECTS", AS DEFINED UNDER SECTION 2.4,
 MAY BE ELIGIBLE TO BE ACCEPTED AS UNSOLICITED PROPOSALS, IF IT INVOLVES A NEW

45 CONCEPT OR TECHNOLOGY. IN ADDITION, ANY COMPONENT OF AN APPROVED PROJECT

- 46 SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR ANY UNSOLICITED PROPOSAL.
- 47

(marked-up version)

1 If no comparative or competitive proposal or no complying bid is received by the Agency/LGU, 2 the original proponent shall immediately be awarded the contract. In the event that a 3 comparative proponent submits a price proposal better than that submitted by the original 4 proponent, the latter shall have the right to match such price proposal within thirty (30) working days from receipt of a notification from the Agency/LGU of the result of the 5 comparative or competitive bid. Should the original proponent fail to match the price 6 7 proposal of the comparative proponent within the specified period, the contract shall be awarded to the comparative proponent. On the other hand, if the original proponent matches 8 9 the price proposal of the comparative proponent within the specified period, the contract 10 shall immediately be awarded to the original proponent. 11 12 Section 10.2 - New Concept or Technology 13 14 The Project Proponent proposing a project involving a new concept or a technology that is 15 new and untried OR PIONEERING in the Philippines WHERE THE PROJECT IS INTENDED TO BE 16 **IMPLEMENTED**, shall incorporate in its proposal information which it, or through any of its consortium members OR CONTRACTORS OR NOMINATED ENTITIES REFERRED TO IN 17 **SECTION 5.4 (B)**, has directly and successfully implemented at a scale similar to the proposed 18 project. SUCH CONSORTIUM MEMBER, CONTRACTOR, OR NOMINATED ENTITY SHALL BE 19 20 SUBJECT TO A LOCK-IN PERIOD PURSUANT TO THE CONTRACT. 21 22 The information disclosed must be in sufficient detail so as to allow the Agency/LGU to properly evaluate the new concept or technology. This shall include, among others, the details 23 24 of the new concept or technology, and the cost-benefit analysis comparing the new concept 25 or technology with traditional ones. 26 27 New concept or technology means ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: green, smart, emerging, or 28 state-of-the-art technology, or any other similar or related concepts/technologies. 29 30 In addition, it should have a positive impact on the implementation and operations of the project such as, but not limited to: 31 32 a. reduction of Construction costs; 33 34 35 b. acceleration of project execution; 36 37 c. improvement of safety; 38 39 d. enhancement of project performance; 40 e. improvement in productivity or quality of produce; 41 42 f. extension of economic life; 43 44 45 g. reduction of O&M costs; 46 47 h. reduction of negative ADVERSE OR UNFAVORABLE environmental impact;

1 2 i. reduction of social/economic disturbances either during construction or operation phase; or 3 4 j. increase in use of materials with a high domestic content. 5 6 THE INFORMATION DISCLOSED MUST BE IN SUFFICIENT DETAIL SO AS TO ALLOW THE 7 AGENCY/LGU TO PROPERLY EVALUATE THE NEW CONCEPT OR TECHNOLOGY. THIS SHALL 8 INCLUDE, AMONG OTHERS, THE DETAILS OF THE NEW CONCEPT OR TECHNOLOGY, AND THE 9 COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS COMPARING THE NEW CONCEPT OR TECHNOLOGY WITH 10 TRADITIONAL ONES. 11 12 13 The Agency/LGU shall issue a certification that based on its assessment, considering available 14 and relevant government and international standards, the new concept or technology 15 possesses any of the above features and other features that would have a positive impact on 16 the implementation and operations of the project. Such certification may also be sought from relevant government agencies/bodies/institutions/etc., with knowledge of the proposed new 17 concept or technology. 18 19 20 Section 10.3 - Projects Ineligible for Unsolicited Proposals 21 22 Projects included in the "List of Priority Projects", as defined under Section 2.4, shall not be 23 eligible to be accepted as Unsolicited Proposals, unless involving a new concept or 24 technology. In addition, any component of an approved project shall not be eligible for any 25 **Unsolicited Proposal.** 26 27 Section 10.34 - Investment Incentives and Government Undertakings for Unsolicited 28 Proposals 29 30 As a general rule, the Government may grant Investment Incentives to Unsolicited Proposals as enumerated under Rule 13. 31 32 In accordance with Section 4-A of the Act, there shall be no direct government guarantee, 33 34 subsidy or equity for unsolicited proposals. 35 36 The grant of usufruct of government assets, including among others, right-of-way, to a Project Proponent shall be considered as a direct government subsidy or equity unless the 37 government receives appropriate compensation pursuant to existing laws, rules and 38 39 regulations, and guidelines. Such grant of usufruct shall be made in accordance with the following guidelines: 40 41 a. Use of Government Financial Institutions AND INDEPENDENT PROPERTY APPRAISERS 42 - To determine the value of the usufruct of government assets, the original proponent 43 44 shall procure, at its own cost, the services of a government financial institution **OR AN** INDEPENDENT PROPERTY APPRAISER TO BE CHOSEN FROM THE LIST OF 45 46 INDEPENDENT PROPERTY APPRAISERS ACCREDITED BY THE BSP OR THE SECURITIES

AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (SEC), OR A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION OF 1 2 APPRAISERS RECOGNIZED BY THE BSP. 3 b. Conduct of Valuation - The valuation of the usufruct shall be conducted on a date/s, 4 which is mutually agreed upon by both parties, provided that it shall be done during 5 the negotiation stage but not later than the publication of the invitation for 6 7 comparative proposals. The valuation determined by the government financial institution shall be valid and binding upon both parties. 8 9 10 c. Compensation Amount – the amount of compensation for the usufruct of assets shall be based on the appraised value of the asset-as determined by the government 11 12 financial institution. Such amount, including interests, if any, shall be paid in Philippine 13 pesos on a date set forth under the contract. 14 15 d. Interest Rate – Non-payment of compensation on or before the agreed date shall incur 16 interest at a rate stated in the contract, taking into consideration relevant rules and regulations on interest. In case the parties fail to agree on the applicable interest rate, 17 or in default thereof, the prevailing risk-free rate shall apply. 18 19 20 The standards for valuation of government assets, including among others, right-of-way, and 21 of relocation and resettlement for national projects shall be pursuant to Republic Act No. 22 10752 and other existing laws, rules and regulations, and guidelines. LGUs may use the same 23 standards for their local projects. 24 25 All costs related to relocation and resettlement in connection with the project shall be 26 shouldered by the Project Proponent. 27 28 Section 10.45 - Submission of a Complete Unsolicited Proposal to the Agency/LGU 29 30 Once the Agency/LGU receives an unsolicited proposal, it shall acknowledge the receipt of 31 the proposal within seven (7) calendar days from its receipt thereof, and inform the PPP 32 Center of its receipt of the unsolicited proposal. 33 34 Within thirty-five (35) calendar days from the Agency/LGU's receipt of the unsolicited 35 proposal, it shall: 36 37 a. Assess whether the proposal is complete or not, taking into consideration the first in 38 time approach described in the subsequent section. 39 40 For an unsolicited proposal to be considered complete for purposes of assessment by the Agency/LGU, it shall contain the following: 41 42 cover letter, indicating the basic information on the unsolicited proposal such 43 i. as a description of the project, its expected output and outcome, 44 45 implementation period, and general description of the new concept or 46 technology pursuant to Section 10.2 of this Revised IRR. The company profile

1 2		of the Project Proponent or the business plan of the proponent consortium shall also be included;
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4	ii.	feasibility study prepared in accordance with the guidelines of the ICC referred
5		to in Section 2.7;
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7	iii.	draft contract, consistent with Section 4.3;
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9	iv.	financial and economic model used by the Project Proponent, prepared in
10		accordance with Section 2.7 and the guidelines of the ICC referred to therein;
11		
12	۷.	pre-qualification requirements under Section 5.4;
13		
14	vi.	proposed PTCs as described in Section 2.8; and
15		
16	vii.	documentary evidence of compliance with items (1) and (2) of Section 4-a of
17		the Act and items a and b of Section 10.1 of this Revised IRR.
18		
19		roject Proponent shall likewise submit all of the abovementioned document/s
20	includ	ing those that are proprietary in nature in a sealed envelope to the Agency/LGU.
21		
22		a written notice to the Project Proponent and the PPP Center of its assessment
23	on the	e completeness of the submitted proposal.
24 25	lf a pr	oposal is determined to be complete by the Agency/LGU, it shall send a written
26	•	to the Project Proponent confirming the completeness of the submitted
27		sal, and informing the Project Proponent that the Agency/LGU shall proceed to
28		alify the Project Proponent and evaluate the merits of the proposal pursuant to
29		n 10.67 of this Revised IRR. A copy of such notice shall be sent by the
30		y/LGU to the PPP Center.
31	-	
32	If a pro	oposal is determined to be incomplete by the Agency/LGU, it shall send a written
33	notice	to the Project Proponent listing down the lacking information or requirement,
34	and re	turning all the documents submitted by the Project Proponent. A copy of such
35	notice	shall be sent by the Agency/LGU to the PPP Center. The Agency/LGU may
36		ain thereafter other same or similar project proposal. The Project Proponent
37		e submission is deemed incomplete shall not be precluded from re-submitting a
38		d proposal. The resubmission shall be considered a new submission, and be
39	subjec	t to the first in time approach in Section 10. 56 .
40	• • • • •	
41	Section 10.5	Treatment of More Than One Proposal for the Same or Similar Project
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43	in the case wi	here the Agency/LGU receives more than one Unsolicited Proposal involving the

In the case where the Agency/LGU receives more than one Unsolicited Proposal involving the same or similar project prior to acceptance of the proposal as the "original proponent", the Agency/LGU may reject all such proposals or instead, bid out the project as a solicited proposal. Otherwise, the Agency/LGU shall evaluate the proposals using a first in time approach, *SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAWS*. Under this approach, the first complete proposal

(marked-up version)

1 is evaluated and decided upon pursuant to the requirements in Section 10.45. The second 2 proposal will only be entertained if the first one is determined to be incomplete pursuant to 3 Section 10.45, or not accepted pursuant to Section 10.67. Otherwise, the second proposal will 4 be considered only if there is a failure in the negotiation of the first proposal or during the "invitation for comparative proposals" as defined under Section 10.123. 5 6 7 Under the first in time approach, the Head of Agency/LGU shall send a written notice to the other proponents acknowledging the submission of the same or similar project concept, and 8 9 advise the said proponents on existence of similar project concept and its rank/position based 10 on the date of submission of unsolicited proposals. The Agency/LGU shall furnish the PPP Center with a copy of such notice to other proponents. 11 12 13 If a contract is awarded to the winning bidder, the Agency/LGU shall send a written notice 14 returning the unopened submissions to the respective proponents. The Agency/LGU shall 15 furnish the PPP Center with a copy of such notice. 16 17 Section 10.67 - Evaluation and Acceptance of Unsolicited Proposals 18 19 Within one hundred and twenty (120) calendar days upon informing the Project Proponent of the completeness of its proposal pursuant to Section 10.45, the Agency/LGU shall assess 20 21 the qualifications of the Project Proponent, evaluate the proposal, and send a written notice 22 to the Project Proponent informing whether the Agency/LGU accepts or rejects the proposal, pursuant to the following rules: 23 24 25 a. The Agency/LGU shall qualify the **pP**roject **pP**roponent based on the provisions of rule 26 5 hereof; 27 28 b. In evaluating the proposal, the Agency/LGU must perform the following tasks: 29 30 i. Confirm the existence of the new concept or technology in accordance with Section 10.2 hereof; 31 32 Validate the absence of any direct government guarantee, subsidy, or equity; 33 ii. 34 35 iii. Assess the appropriateness of the contractual arrangement and reasonableness 36 of the proposed risk allocation pursuant to the Generic Preferred Risk Allocation 37 Matrix published by the ICC; 38 39 iv. Review the proposed PTCs for the project, as described in Section 2.8; 40 Ensure the technical, financial, and economic viability of the project, pursuant to 41 ٧. the criteria set in Section 2.10 and any additional guidelines set by the Approving 42 Body; and 43 44 45 Evaluate the proposed RROR submitted by the Project Proponent. The vi. Agency/LGU may confirm the proposed RROR, or recommend another RROR for 46 47 the project.

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- c. After assessing the qualifications of the Project Proponent and evaluating the proposal,
 the Agency/LGU shall accept or reject the proposal:
 - If the Agency/LGU accepts the proposal, it shall send a written notice to the *pP*roject *pP*roponent stating its intention to accept the proposal, and granting a*N conditional ORIGINAL PROPONENT STATUS* (OPS) to the Project Proponent.
 - In cases of local projects, the LGU shall also request the confirmation of the appropriate body pursuant to Section 2.9 of this Revised IRR.
- 12 Within thirty (30) calendar days upon issuance of such notice, the Head of 13 Agency/LGU shall endorse to the Approving Body the proposed unsolicited 14 proposal together with the documents listed in Section 10.45 and other 15 documents required pursuant to Section 2.7. A copy of such notice shall be sent 16 by the Agency/LGU to the PPP Center.
- 18The Head of Agency/LGU shall also certify and provide documentation, as19prescribed by the Approving Body, that it has done the mandated evaluation20pursuant to Section 10.67 of this Revised IRR. Thereafter, the Approving Body21shall assess VALIDATE THE COMPLETENESS AND COMPLIANCE OF SUBMISSIONS22AND the qualifications of the PROJECT pProponent for the grant of OPS pursuant23to SECTION 10.78.a.
- ii. If the Agency/LGU rejects the proposal, the Agency/LGU shall send a written notice informing the Project Proponent of the reasons for the rejection of its unsolicited proposal, and returning all documents submitted by the *PROJECT pP*roponent. A copy of such notice shall be sent by the Agency/LGU to the PPP
 Center. Thereafter, the Agency/LGU may entertain other same or similar project proposals.

Section 10.78 - Approval of the Unsolicited Proposal Prior to Negotiation with the Original Proponent

34
 35 a. Confirmation by the ICC/Sanggunian of the Conditional OPS Granted by the
 36 Agency/LGU to the Proponent

- i. National Projects
 - Within sixty ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (60120) calendar days upon receipt by the Approving Body of the endorsement and COMPLETE AND COMPLIANT documents referred to in Section 10.67.bC, THE APPROVING BODY SHALL:
 - The Approving Body shall endorse all documents to the Technical Working Group (TWG) of the ICC.
- 45 46

1 2	 Thereafter, the TWG of the ICC shall vValidate the completeness and compliance of the submitted proposal pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.45 of
3 4	this Revised IRR;
5 6 7	 +Validate the qualifications of the Project Proponent pursuant to Rule 5; and submit its findings to the ICC for its decision.
7 8 9	3. EVALUATE THE PROPOSAL ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN SECTION 2.10 OF THIS REVISED IRR.
10 11	The ICC shall either:
12	
13 14 15	 Confirm the grant of conditional OPS through a written notice to the Agency/LGU. Such notice shall also state the total amount that the Project Proponent is qualified to raise for the proposed project.
16 17	Thereafter, the Approving Body shall proceed with the evaluation of the
18 19	merits of the proposal pursuant to Section 10.8.b; or
20	2. Reject the grant of conditional OPS through a written notice to the
21 22	Agency/LGU. Such notice shall state the reasons for the rejection of the grant of OPS.
22	grant of Or 3.
24 25	ii. Local Projects
26	Within sixty (60) calendar days upon receipt by the local Sanggunian of the
27	endorsement and documents referred to in Section 10.7.b, and the confirmation
28 29 30	of the appropriate body referred to in Section 2.9.b of this Revised IRR, the local Sanggunian shall:
31 32	1Assess the completeness and compliance of the submitted proposal
	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR;
33 34	
33	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR;
33 34 35 36	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR; 2. Validate the qualifications of the Project Proponent pursuant to Rule 5;
33 34 35 36 37 38	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR; 2. Validate the qualifications of the Project Proponent pursuant to Rule 5; 3. Confirm or reject the grant of conditional OPS to the Project Proponent; and
 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR; 2. Validate the qualifications of the Project Proponent pursuant to Rule 5; 3. Confirm or reject the grant of conditional OPS to the Project Proponent; and 4. Notify the LGU of its action on the grant of OPS. The local Sanggunian may also create a technical working group to provide assistance for items ii.1. and ii.2.
 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR; 2. Validate the qualifications of the Project Proponent pursuant to Rule 5; 3. Confirm or reject the grant of conditional OPS to the Project Proponent; and 4. Notify the LGU of its action on the grant of OPS. The local Sanggunian may also create a technical working group to provide assistance for items ii.1. and ii.2. Within five (5) calendar days from receipt by the Agency/LGU of the notice from the
 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 	pursuant to Sections 2.7 and 10.5 of this Revised IRR; 2. Validate the qualifications of the Project Proponent pursuant to Rule 5; 3. Confirm or reject the grant of conditional OPS to the Project Proponent; and 4. Notify the LGU of its action on the grant of OPS. The local Sanggunian may also create a technical working group to provide assistance for items ii.1. and ii.2.

	in the ICC/Concerning configure the grant of ODC the Accurat/ICU shall iccur a
1	i. If the ICC/Sanggunian confirms the grant of OPS, the Agency/LGU shall issue a
2	written notice to the Project Proponent informing the Project Proponent that the
3	ICC/Sanggunian confirmed the conditional grant of OPS. Thereafter, the Project
4	Proponent shall be considered as the "original proponent"; or
5	
6	ii. If the ICC/Sanggunian rejects the grant of OPS, the Agency/LGU shall issue a
7	written notice to the Project Proponent stating the reasons for the rejection of
8	the Project Proponent's unsolicited proposal, and returning all documents
9	submitted by the Project Proponent. Thereafter, the conditional OPS granted by
10	the Agency/LGU is automatically revoked, and the Agency/LGU may entertain
11	other same or similar project proposals.
12	
13	The Agency/LGU shall furnish the PPP Center with a copy of the above notice.
14	
15	b. Evaluation of the Proposal by the Approving Body
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17	Within ninety (90) calendar days from the confirmation by the ICC/Sanggunian of the
18	grant of OPS, the Approving Body shall evaluate the proposal according to the criteria
19	set forth in Section 2.10 of this Revised IRR, and any additional guidelines as prescribed
20	by the Approving Body.
21	
22	If the proposal is accepted, the Approving Body shall issue a written notice to the
23	Agency/LGU containing the approved PTCs for negotiation, and a formal advice for the
24	Agency/LGU to commence negotiation.
25	
26	If the proposal is rejected, the Approving Body shall either:
27	
28	i. issue a written notice to the Agency/LGU containing the conditions and timelines
29	that the Agency/LGU must comply with for the approval of the proposal; or
30	
31	ii. issue a written notice to the Agency/LGU stating the reasons for the rejection of
32	the proposal, and returning the proposal to the Agency/LGU.
33	
34	If the Approving Body determines that the Agency/LGU complied with the conditions
35	and timelines set by the Approving Body in item b.i. of this Section, the Approving Body
36	shall issue a written notice to the Agency/LGU containing the approved PTCs for
37	negotiations and a formal advice for the Agency/LGU to commence negotiation.
38	
39	If the Approving Body determines that the Agency/LGU failed to comply with the
40	conditions and timelines set by the Approving Body in item b.i. of this Section, the
41	Approving Body shall either reject the proposal or extend the timeline for compliance
42	by the Agency/LGU.
43	
44	The return of the project proposal by the Approving Body to the Agency/LGU shall serve
45	as the automatic revocation of OPS granted to the Project Proponent.
46	

1	Secti	on 10. <i>8</i> 9 – Revocation of Original Proponent Status (OPS)
2	-	Devection
3 4	d.	Revocation
5 6		The OPS granted to a Project Proponent may, upon review OR UPON REJECTION OF THE APPROVING BODY, MAY be revoked BY THE AGENCY/LGU WHICH GRANTED IT based on the following grounds:
7 8		on the following grounds:
9 10		i. It is found that the facts disclosed are incomplete, incorrect, misleading, untrue, inaccurate, or different from what was represented; or
11 12 13		ii. Any non-compliance or violation of the BOT Law and this Revised IRR.
14 15 16 17		Upon revocation, the Agency/LGU may accept new unsolicited proposals involving the same or similar project, provided that this shall not preclude the original proponent from resubmitting a new or revised proposal.
18	b.	Unsolicited Proposal that may Conflict with Projects of the Government
19 20		The grant of ODS does not produde the government from implementing a project that
20		The grant of OPS does not preclude the government from implementing a project that
21 22		may conflict with the unsolicited proposal or any of its components. No COURT, EXCEPT THE SUPREME COURT, SHALL ISSUE ANY temporary restraining order, PRELIMINARY
22 23		INJUNCTION OR mandatory injunction, mandatory preliminary MANDATORY injunction
24 25		shall be filed by the original proponent against the government in case of such conflict,
25 26		PURSUANT TO REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8975.
26 27	Sacti	on 10. <i>9</i> 10 - Negotiation
27 28	Secti	
28 29	2	Notice to Commence Negotiation
30	а.	
31		Within seven (7) calendar days upon receipt of the Agency/LGU of the formal advice of
32		the Approving Body, the Agency/LGU shall inform in writing the original proponent of
33		the mechanics of the negotiation, including the commencement date and the
34		authorized representative(s) of the Agency/LGU. Negotiations shall cover only the PTCs
35		that have been approved by the Approving Body to be negotiable with the original
36		proponent.
37		
38	b.	Negotiation Stage
39		
40		The Agency/LGU and the original proponent shall negotiate in good faith and shall
41		complete and conclude the negotiations within a period of eighty (80) calendar days
42		from the commencement date of negotiation, as stipulated in the formal advice of the
43		Agency/LGU. In the event that there are irreconcilable differences during the period of
44		negotiation, or the Agency/LGU and the original proponent fail to conclude negotiations
45		within the 80-day period, such events shall be considered as a failure of negotiation.
46		

1 2		SUCH 80-DAY NEGOTIATION PERIOD MAY BE SUBJECT TO EXTENSION PURSUANT TO RULES AND PROCEDURES TO BE ISSUED BY THE PPP GOVERNING BOARD.
3 4 5 6		IN THE EVENT THAT THERE ARE IRRECONCILABLE DIFFERENCES DURING THE PERIOD OF NEGOTIATION, THE AGENCY/LGU SHALL DECLARE A FAILURE OF NEGOTIATION.
7 8	c.	Failure of Negotiation
9 10 11 12 13		In case of failure of negotiation, the Agency/LGU shall, within seven (7) calendar days from the lapse of the 80-day negotiation period, reject the proposal and revoke the OPS in writing, stating the grounds for rejecting the proposal and revoking the OPS. Thereafter, the Agency/LGU shall have the option to:
14 15 16		i. accept a new Unsolicited Proposal, if there be any;ii. bid out the project as a solicited proposal, oriii. undertake the project on its own.
17 18 19 20 21		The Agency/LGU shall submit a report to the Approving Body informing it of the failure of negotiation, the reasons therefor, and which among the above options the Agency/LGU intends to undertake.
22	d.	Successful Negotiation
23 24 25 26 27 28		If negotiation is successful, the Head of Agency/LGU and the authorized signatory of the original proponent shall issue a signed certification that an agreement has been reached by both parties. Said certification shall also state that the negotiated terms comply with the PTCs approved by the Approving Body.
29 30 31 32 33		The Agency/LGU shall, within seven (7) calendar days after the conclusion of negotiation or the end of the eighty (80)-calendar day negotiation period, whichever comes first, submit a report to the Approving Body of the result of REGARDING THE SUCCESSFUL negotiation.
34 35 36	e.	Action of the Approving Body on the Negotiated PTCs following Successful Negotiation
37 38 39 40 41		The Approving Body shall, within twenty (20) working days from the receipt of the report submitted by the Agency/LGU INFORMING IT OF THE SUCCESSFUL NEGOTIATION , validate whether the negotiated terms are in accordance with the approved PTCs.
42 43 44 45		If the negotiated terms do not conform with the approved PTCs, the Approving Body shall declare a failure of negotiation AND INFORM THE AGENCY/LGU TO REJECT THE PROPOSAL FOLLOWING SECTION 10.9 (C) HEREOF.

- Thereafter, the Agency/LGU shall reject the proposal by advising the original proponent 1 2 in writing stating the grounds for rejection and shall have the options provided in 3 Section 10.10.c. 4 Otherwise, the Approving Body shall notify the Agency/LGU that it may proceed with 5 the publication of the invitation for comparative proposals in accordance with Section 6 7 10.1**23.** 8 9 Section 10.101 - Approval of Unsolicited Contracts by the Head of Agency/LGU 10 The Head of the Agency/LGU shall review and approve the draft contract, AND ENSURE THAT 11 THE SAME which shall be based on the PTCs set forth by the Approving Body, pursuant to 12 Section 2.8 of this Revised IRR. IN NO CASE SHALL THE HEAD OF THE AGENCY/LGU SIGN THE 13 14 CONTRACT IF IT CONTAINS PROVISION/S THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH THE FINAL 15 APPROVED PTCS. IF THE EXECUTED CONTRACT CONTAINS PROVISION/S INCONSISTENT OR IN CONFLICT WITH THE FINAL APPROVED PTCS, THE AGENCY/LGU AND THE PROJECT 16 PROPONENT SHALL AMEND THE EXECUTED CONTRACT TO REFLECT THE FINAL APPROVED 17 18 PTCS. 19 20 Prior to approval of the Head of Agency/LGU, the draft contract shall undergo review by the DOF, the Office of the Government Corporate Counsel (OGCC), the Office of the Solicitor 21 22 General (OSG), or any other entity prescribed by law/issuances as the statutory counsel of 23 GOCCs and LGUs, in accordance with their respective mandates and areas of expertise. 24 25 The OSG, OGCC, or any prescribed statutory counsel, as the case may be, shall issue an opinion 26 on the draft contract within twenty (20) working days upon receipt thereof. The DOF shall 27 issue an opinion on the draft contract for projects of national government agencies, local 28 projects which will involve funds of the national government, and local projects requiring ICC 29 review or approval, within twenty (20) working days upon receipt thereof. The DOF opinion on the draft contract shall contain an explicit CONFIRMATION approval of THAT the proposed 30 31 Government Undertakings ARE CONSISTENT WITH THE PTCS APPROVED BY THE APPROVING 32 BODY. 33 34 Any Government Undertaking stated in the draft contract not approved by the Approving 35 Body and not enumerated CONFIRMED in the DOF opinion shall not be binding against the 36 Republic. 37 Changes in the PTCs of the draft contract may be allowed pursuant to Section 2.12 of this 38 39 Revised IRR. 40 41 Section 10.112 - Tender Documents 42 The gualification and tender documents shall be prepared along the lines specified under 43 Rules 4 and 5 hereof. The draft contract as agreed upon by the Agency/LGU and the original 44 45 proponent and as approved by the Head of Agency/LGU, which shall be part of the tender 46 documents, will be considered final and non-negotiable by the comparative proponents.
- 47 Proprietary information *RELATING TO SECURITY AND TECHNOLOGY* shall, however, be

(marked-up version)

- 1 respected, protected and treated with utmost confidentiality. As such, it shall not form part
- 2 of the bidding/tender and related documents.
- 3

Section 10.123 - Invitation for Comparative Proposals

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Within seven (7) calendar days from the receipt of the notice by the Approving Body allowing 6 the Agency/LGU to publish the invitation for comparative proposals, the Agency/LGU PBAC 7 shall publish the invitation for comparative proposals. The invitation for comparative or 8 9 competitive proposals should be published at least once every week for three (3) consecutive 10 weeks, in online media and in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation. Said invitation 11 should also be posted continuously in the websites of the Agency/LGU concerned, if available, 12 and of the PPP Center, and any online government portal for the purpose, during the period 13 stated above. For projects costing at least PhP 500 million, the invitation may also be 14 published at least once (1) in at least one (1) online media and newspaper of international 15 publication. It shall indicate the time, which should not be earlier than the last date of publication, and place where tender/bidding documents could be obtained. It shall likewise 16 explicitly specify a time of sixty (60) working days reckoned from the date of issuance of the 17 tender/bidding documents upon which proposals shall be received. Beyond said deadline, no 18 19 proposals shall be accepted. A pre-bid conference shall be conducted thirty (30) working days 20 after the issuance of the tender/bidding documents.

21

22 Section 10.134 - Posting of Bid Bond by Original Proponent

23

The original proponent shall be required at the date of the first day of the publication of the invitation for comparative proposals to submit a bid bond equal to the amount and in the form required of the comparative proponents, following the requirements of Section 7.1(b)(vi).

28

29 Section 10.145 - Qualification of Comparative Proponents

30

The evaluation criteria used for qualifying the original proponent should be the same criteria to be used in the "Terms of Reference" for the comparative proponents.

33

34 Section 10.156 - Submission of Proposal

35

The bidders are required to submit the proposal in three envelopes at the time and place specified in the Tender Documents. The first envelope shall contain the qualification documents, the second envelope the technical proposal as required under Section 7.1 (b), and the third envelope the financial proposal as required under Section 7.1 (c).

40

41 Section 10.167 - Evaluation of Comparative Proposals

42

Proposals shall be evaluated in three stages: Stage 1, qualification documents; Stage 2, the technical proposal; and Stage 3, the financial proposal. Only those bids which pass the first stage will be considered for the second stage and similarly, only those which pass the second stage will be considered for the third stage evaluation. The Agency/LGU will return to the disqualified bidders the remaining envelopes unopened, together with a letter explaining why

(marked-up version)

1 they were disqualified. The criteria for evaluation will follow Rule 5 for the qualification of

bidders and Rule 8 for the technical and financial proposals. The time frames under Rules 5
and 8 shall likewise be followed.

4

Section 10.178 - Disclosure of the Price Proposal

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7 The decision to disclose the price or financial proposal of the original proponent in the Tender 8 Documents shall be mutually agreed upon between the Agency/LGU and the original 9 proponent. If the original proponent's price proposal was not disclosed in the Tender 10 Documents, it should be revealed upon the opening of the financial proposals of the 11 comparative proponents.

12

14

13 Section 10.189 - Failure of a Winning Comparative Proponent to Enter Into Contract

15 In the event of refusal, inability or failure of the winning comparative proponent to enter into contract with the Agency/LGU within the specified time in the Tender Documents, its bid 16 security shall be forfeited in favor of the Agency/LGU. In such an event, the Agency/LGU 17 concerned shall consider for award the bidder with the next-ranked complying comparative 18 19 bid which is better than the offer of the original proponent. The original proponent shall again 20 be given the right to match the comparative proponent's bid. If no other comparative bid is 21 determined to be better than the offer of the original proponent, the contract shall 22 immediately be awarded to the original proponent.

23 24

25 **RULE 11 - AWARD AND SIGNING OF CONTRACT**

26

27 Section 11.1 - Recommendation to Award

28

Within three (3) calendar days from the date of completion of the financial evaluation, the Agency/LGU PBAC shall submit to the Head of Agency/LGU a recommendation of award. The PBAC shall prepare and submit a detailed evaluation/assessment report on its decision regarding the evaluation of the bids and explain in clear terms the basis of its recommendations.

34

35 Section 11.2 - Decision to Award

36

Within three (3) calendar days from the submission by PBAC of the recommendation to award, the Head of Agency/LGU shall decide on the award. The approval shall be manifested by signing and issuing the "Notice of Award" to the winning bidder within five (5) calendar days from approval thereof.

41

All unsuccessful bidders shall be informed in writing of the decision of the Agency/LGU to
 award the contract to the winning Project Proponent. Such decision shall be made available
 to the public when requested.

45

46 Section 11.3 - Notice of Award

47

(marked-up version)

1 The "Notice of Award", which is issued by the Head of Agency/LGU, shall indicate, among 2 others, that the winning bidder must submit within twenty (20) calendar days from official 3 receipt of the "Notice of Award" the following:

- 5 a. prescribed performance security;
- b. proof of commitment of the required equity contribution, as specified by theAgency/LGU:
- i. in the case where the winning bidder is a corporation e.g., treasurer's affidavit
 attesting to actual paid-up capital, subscription agreement(s) between a
 shareholder(s) of the winning bidder and the winning bidder itself covering said
 equity contribution, or shareholders agreement between and amongst two (2) or
 more shareholders of the winning bidder undertaking to contribute/subscribe the
 required equity contribution; or
 - ii. in the case of a consortium an undertaking of the members thereof to infuse the required equity contribution to the consortium.
 - c. proof of firm commitments from reputable financial institution to provide sufficient credit lines to cover the Project Costs to be shouldered by the winning bidder;
 - d. in the case of a consortium, the agreement indicating that the members are jointly and severally liable for the obligations of the winning bidder under the contract;
 - e. in case a special purpose company (SPC) is formed for purposes of undertaking the project, proof of registration in accordance with Philippine laws; and
- 27 28 29

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f. such other conditions imposed by the Agency/LGU.

Failure to submit the requirements within the prescribed twenty (20)-calendar day period will result in confiscation of the bid security. Within five (5) calendar days upon receipt of the foregoing requirements for award, the Head of Agency/LGU shall determine and notify the winning bidder of its compliance of all the conditions stated in the said notice.

35 36

Section 11.4 - Public Dissemination of Bidding Results

37

The PBAC shall post the Notice of Award and/or bidding results in the PHILGEPS, websites of PPP Center and of the Agency/LGU, if any, within seven (7) calendar days from the issuance of the Notice of Award.

41

42 Section 11.5 - Formation of Special Purpose Company (SPC)

43

The concerned Agency/LGU may require the winning Project Proponent to incorporate with
the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in accordance with applicable Philippine laws.
The SPC that will be created shall assume and accede to all the rights and obligations of the

47 winning Project Proponent, Provided, that:

a. the winning Project Proponent subscribes to and pays for a significant/principal
 shareholding or controlling interest in the SPC, subject to the nationality and ownership
 requirements under the Constitution and other applicable laws. The required level of
 share ownership may be indicated in the tender documents or determined as a
 condition prior to contract award;

b. in the case of a consortium, all members thereof shall present proof of contractual or 8 9 other legally binding ties to or relationships with the SPC for the development and 10 implementation of the project in accordance with their submitted business plan, e.g., for facility owners/developers/equity investors - subscription to and payment for a 11 significant number of shares in the SPC; for Contractors or operators - binding 12 13 appointment and undertaking to be the Contractor/operator or duly signed 14 engineering, procurement and Construction (EPC) contract/operation and maintenance 15 agreement; for financial institutions - letter of firm commitment to raise or provide 16 financing to the project;

- c. an accession undertaking is executed by the SPC and the Project Proponent in favor of
 the Agency/LGU making the SPC principally liable for the performance of the winning
 Project Proponent's obligations under the Notice of Award and/or the contract.
- 21

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7

The SPC shall be prohibited from engaging in other concessions, businesses, or
 undertakings not approved by the Approving Body which may conflict with the approved
 project or otherwise lead to anti-competitive behavior or abuse of dominant position.

- IN THE CASE OF REGULATED BUSINESSES, THE SPC MAY ENGAGE IN OTHER CONCESSIONS,
 BUSINESSES, OR UNDERTAKINGS ONLY WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE APPROVING BODY
 AND THE RELEVANT REGULATORY BODY.
- 29 30

25

0 Section 11.6 - Withdrawal/Substitution of a Member

31

The Project Proponent or member-firms of a consortium granted with the OPS, may not be changed, withdrawn, or substituted by another member or participant prior to approval of the project by the appropriate Approving Body. Any withdrawal, substitution, or addition of such shall lead to revocation of OPS pursuant to Section 10.89 of this Revised IRR. Changes in, withdrawals, or substitution of Project Proponents or member-firms of a consortium after the approval of the project shall be subject to the approval of the Approving Body.

- 38
- Further, in case of withdrawals, the remaining members or shareholders are still legally,
 technically, and financially capable of successfully carrying out the implementation/operation
 of the project.
- 42

A withdrawal made in violation of this Section shall be a ground for disqualification or
 cancellation of the contract, as the case may be, and forfeiture of the Project Proponent's bid
 or performance security.

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(marked-up version)

- 1 The Agency/LGU shall inform in writing the PPP Center of such changes within five (5) working
- 2 days for monitoring purposes.
- 3

4 Section 11.7 - Validity of Bids/Return of Bid Security

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6 The execution of the contract shall be made within the period of the validity of the bid 7 security. The required bid security shall be valid for a reasonable period but in no case beyond 8 one hundred eighty (180) calendar days following the opening of the bids. Bid securities shall 9 be returned to the unsuccessful bidders as soon as the contract is signed by the winning 10 bidder.

11

12 Section 11.8 - Extension of Validity of Bids

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When an extension of validity of bids is considered necessary, those who submitted bids shall
be requested in writing to extend the validity of their bids before the expiration date.
However, bidders shall not be allowed to modify or revise the price or other substance of
their bids.

18

Bidders shall have the right to refuse to grant such an extension without forfeiting their bid security, but those who are willing to extend the validity of their bids should be required to provide a suitable extension of bid security.

22

24

23 Section 11.9 - Failure of Bidding

In the case of solicited bids, when no complying bids are received or in case of failure to execute the contract with a qualified and contracting bidder due to the refusal of the latter, the bidding shall be declared a failure. In such cases, the project shall be subjected to a rebidding.

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- 30

31 RULE 12 - CONTRACT APPROVAL AND IMPLEMENTATION

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33 Section 12.1 - Execution/Approval of the Contract

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The authorized signatories of the winning bidder and the Head of Agency/LGU shall execute and sign the contract for the project as approved in accordance with Section 2.12, within five (5) calendar days from receipt by the winning bidder of the notice from the Agency/LGU that all conditions stated in the Notice of Award have been complied with.

- 39
- The Project Proponent, that was pre-qualified and awarded with the project, shall be thesignatory to the contract.
- 42

Consistent with Article 1159 of the New Civil Code, the contract is the law between the parties
and the parties shall perform their respective prestations, obligations, and undertakings
thereunder with utmost good faith with the end in view of attaining the objective hereof. An
original signed copy of the contract shall be submitted to the Approving Body and the PPP

47 Center within five (5) calendar days after signing thereof by the Agency/LGU.

1

2 In the event of refusal, inability or failure of the winning bidder to enter into contract with 3 the Government within the time provided therefor, the Agency/LGU concerned shall forfeit 4 its bid security. In such an event, the Agency/LGU concerned shall consider the bidder with 5 the next ranked complying bid. If the same shall likewise refuse or fail to enter into contract 6 with the Government, its bid security shall likewise be forfeited and the Agency/LGU 7 concerned shall consider the next ranked complying bid, and so on until a contract shall have 8 been entered into. In the event that the concerned Agency/LGU is unable to execute the 9 contract with any of the complying bidders, a failure of bidding will be declared and the 10 project may be subjected to a re-bidding.

11

12 Section 12.2 - Other Approvals for Contract

13

14 The Project Proponent shall, as may be required under the existing laws, rules and 15 regulations, secure any and all other approvals for the contract or the implementation thereof 16 from government agencies or bodies including the Regulator in the case of Public Utility Projects. This includes securing the necessary and appropriate environmental clearances from 17 the DENR prior to actual project Construction. The DENR shall act on the environmental 18 19 clearance of the project within the time frame prescribed IN and following the guidelines of 20 DENR Administrative Order No. 96-37 and subsequent guidelines as may be issued from time to time. The Agency/LGU may provide the necessary assistance to the Project Proponent in 21 22 securing all the required permits and clearances. The contract shall provide milestones in 23 securing such other approvals required for the implementation of the contract.

24

25 Section 12.3 - Grant of Franchise

26

Subject to the provisions of the Constitution and other existing laws, rules and regulations, once a contract is executed by the Project Proponent and the Agency/LGU, a presumption arises that the public interest will be served by the implementation of the project covered thereby, and upon application by the Project Proponent and compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Regulator shall grant in favor of the Project Proponent a Franchise to operate the facility and collect the tolls, *FARES*, fees, rentals, and/*OR* other charges stipulated under the contract.

34

35 PROVIDED THAT, IF THE FINAL APPROVAL OF THE FRANCHISE BY THE REGULATOR SHALL 36 RESULT IN A DECREASE IN THE AMOUNT OF TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR CHARGES STIPULATED UNDER THE CONTRACT, THE GOVERNMENT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE 37 PROJECT PROPONENT RECOVERS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNT STIPULATED 38 UNDER THE CONTRACT AND THE AMOUNT APPROVED BY THE REGULATOR OR 39 APPROPRIATE REGULATORY BODY THROUGH MEASURES CONSISTENT WITH THE 40 CONSTITUTION AND OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS. SUCH DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNTS 41 42 SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS DIRECT GOVERNMENT SUBSIDY.

- 43
- 44 Section 12.4 Contract Effectivity
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The contract shall be effective upon signing thereof by the Head of Agency/LGU, unless another date is stipulated therein.

1 2

Section 12.5 - Notice to Commence

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4 The concerned Agency/LGU, when deemed necessary, shall issue the "Notice to Commence Implementation" of the project to the Project Proponent within a reasonable period to be 5

- determined by the Agency/LGUs and stated in the contract. 6
- 7 8

Section 12.6 - Preparation and Approval of Detailed Engineering Design

9

10 Where the project involves design, the Project Proponent shall be responsible for the preparation of the detailed engineering designs and plans based on the prescribed key 11 12 performance indicators and targets and shall submit the same to the Agency/LGU concerned 13 pursuant to the timeline stipulated in the contract.

14

15 The Agency/LGU concerned shall review the detailed engineering designs and plans prepared 16 by the Project Proponent in terms of its compliance with the prescribed standards and specifications, and if found acceptable, shall approve the same for incorporation in the 17 contract. This approval by the Agency/LGU concerned notwithstanding, the Project 18 19 Proponent shall be solely responsible for the integrity of its detailed engineering designs and 20 plans. The approval thereof by the Agency/LGU concerned does not diminish this 21 responsibility, nor does it transfer any part of such responsibility to the Agency/LGU 22 concerned.

23

In the case of local projects, the LGU concerned shall ensure that the technical designs, plans, 24 25 specifications, and related aspects necessary for the project's Construction, operation and 26 maintenance shall be based on relevant local and national policies, standards and guidelines. 27 Moreover, the LGU shall consult with appropriate national regulators regarding national 28 policies, standards, and guidelines in granting the necessary Franchise.

29

30 Section 12.7 - Project Construction

31

The Project Proponent shall build the facility in accordance with the design and performance 32 standards and specifications prescribed in the approved detailed engineering design. For this 33 Construction stage, the Project Proponent may engage the services of foreign and/or Filipino 34 35 Contractors that comply with the requirements as prescribed under Section 5.4 (a) and (b). In 36 the case of foreign Contractors, Filipino labor shall be employed in the different phases of the 37 Construction works where Filipino skills are available. Preference shall be given to the hiring 38 of Filipino construction workforce. Hiring of labor shall be subject to existing labor laws, rules 39 and regulations.

- 40
- 41

Section 12.8 - Performance Security for Pre-Construction and Construction Works 42

43 To guarantee the faithful performance by the Project Proponent of its obligations after the

signing of the contract until the acceptance of the facility under the contract, including the 44

45 prosecution of the Construction works related to the project, the Project Proponent shall post

- 46 a performance security in favor of the Agency/LGU concerned, within the period and in the
- 47 form and amount stipulated in the Notice of Award.

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7 amount of security to be set by the Agency/LGU shall be in accordance with the following schedules: 8 9 10 a. Cash, irrevocable letter of credit, bank draft - a minimum of two percent (2%) of the total Project Cost. 11 12 13 b. Bank Guarantee - a minimum of five percent (5%) of the total Project Cost. 14 15 c. Surety Bond - a minimum of ten percent (10%) of the total Project Cost. The 16 performance guarantee shall be valid up to acceptance by the Agency/LGU of the 17 facility. 18 19 Should the performance security fall below the amount as required in the contract, the 20 Project Proponent shall provide for an additional performance security to meet such required 21 amount within fifteen (15) days from the occurrence thereof. 22 The performance security shall be proportionately increased in the case of government-23 approved variations causing an increase in the Project Cost. The Project Proponent shall 24 25 provide for the necessary additional performance security within fifteen (15) days from the 26 approval of the variation. 27 28 The Agency/LGU shall strictly monitor compliance by the Project Proponent of the 29 requirements for performance security and the sufficiency thereof. 30 31 Section 12.9 - Performance Security for Operations 32 For projects where the Project Proponent or other third parties shall operate the facility, the 33 34 Agency/LGU shall require the Project Proponent to post a performance security for 35 operations, simultaneously with the acceptance of the facility. The performance security for 36 operations will be issued to guarantee the proper operation of the facility in accordance with 37 the operating parameters and specifications under the contract. 38 39 The Agency/LGU shall determine the amount but the form shall be in accordance with the 40 preceding section. This performance security for operations shall be valid during the entire 41 operations period. 42 Should the performance security fall below the amount as required in the contract, the 43 Project Proponent shall provide for an additional performance security to meet such required 44 45 amount within fifteen (15) days from the occurrence thereof. 46

The form of performance security shall be in accordance with the PTCs approved by the

Approving Body which may be in cash, bank draft or guarantee confirmed by a local bank (in

the case of foreign bidders bonded by a foreign bank), letter of credit issued by a reputable bank, surety bond callable on demand issued by the GSIS or by surety or insurance companies

duly accredited by the office of the Insurance Commissioner, or a combination thereof. The

(marked-up version)

- 1 The performance security shall be proportionately increased in the case of government-2 approved variations causing an increase in the Project Cost. The Project Proponent shall 3 provide for the necessary additional performance security within fifteen (15) days from the 4 approval of the variation.
- 5

6 The Agency/LGU shall strictly monitor compliance by the Project Proponent of the 7 requirements for performance security and the sufficiency thereof.

8

9 Section 12.10 - Review of Project Construction, Operation and Maintenance

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The Agency/LGU, PPP Center, COA, and a panel of government offices designated by the Approving Body, if any, may individually or jointly inspect and check, at any time, the project to determine whether the project is constructed, operated and maintained in accordance with the approved plans, specifications, standards and costs under the contract.

15

16 In the event that the Agency/LGU concerned, PPP Center, COA, or a panel of government offices designated by the Approving Body, if any, shall find any deviation from or non-17 compliance with the approved plans, specifications and standards, the Agency/LGU shall bring 18 19 the same to the attention of the Project Proponent for the necessary corrective actions. Failure of the Project Proponent to correct the deviation within the time prescribed by the 20 21 Agency/LGU may be a ground for the rescission/termination of the contract, in accordance 22 with Section 12.21 of this Revised IRR. Such technical supervision by the Agency/LGU concerned shall not diminish the singular responsibility of the Project Proponent for the 23 proper Construction, operation, and maintenance of the facility, nor does it transfer any part 24 25 of that responsibility to the Agency/LGU.

26

27 Section 12.11 - Contract Variation

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A contract variation may be approved by the Head of the Agency/LGU, Provided, that:

30 31 32

37

a. There is no impact on the PTCs as approved by the Approving Body; or

- a. There is no increase in the agreed fees, tolls, *FARES, FEES, RENTALS*, and/*OR* charges or
 a decrease in the Agency's/LGU's revenue or profit share derived from the project,
 except as may be allowed under a formula as approved by the relevant Regulator, or
 the Approving Body, as the case may be; or
- b. There is no reduction CHANGE in the scope of works or performance standards, or
 fundamental change in the contractual arrangement nor extension in the contract term;
 or
- 42 c. There is no additional Government Undertaking, or increase in the financial exposure43 of the Government under the project.
- 44

41

Upon due diligence and recommendation of the Head of Agency/LGU, contract variations not
 covered by above shall undergo approval by the Approving Body in terms of the impacts on

47 government undertakings/exposure, performance standards and service charges.

(marked-up version)

1

The Approving Body shall MAY set, as part of the approval of the project, a cap on the
allowable variation FOR ITEMS B AND C during the entire contract, which cap shall not exceed
ten percent (10%) of the original Project Cost.

5

In case of contract variation, any extension of the contract term shall not serve as a substitute
to compensate the Project Proponent, in any manner whatsoever, without the written
approval of the Approving Body. Further, for variations allowed under this Revised IRR, the
performance security shall be proportionately increased in the case of any governmentapproved variation.

11

Failure to secure clearance/approval of the Head of Agency/LGU or Approving Body, as provided in this section, prior to the implementation of the variation, shall render the contract variation void. No variation shall be implemented before the variation is approved.

15

16 The Agency/LGU shall report to the Approving Body and the PPP Center on any contract 17 variations including those approved by the Head of Agency/LGU.

18

19 Section 12.12 - Milestones

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The Project Proponent shall execute the project in accordance with pre-determined milestones. Failure by or delay on the part of the Project Proponent to comply with these milestones may result to imposition of liquidated damages, contract **TERMINATION rescission**, and/or forfeiture of the performance security of the Project Proponent, as the case may be, in accordance with Section 12.14 and/or Section 12.21 hereof.

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Section 12.13 - Release of Performance Security

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a. Performance Security for Construction Works

Upon completion of construction works, the Agency/LGU shall issue a "Certificate of Completion." Within a period of no more than one (1) year after its issuance, the Agency/LGU shall issue a "Certificate of Acceptance" upon final acceptance that the project had been completed in accordance with the agreed standards and specifications.

The Performance Security for Construction Works shall be released by the Agency/LGU
concerned after the issuance of the "Certificate of Acceptance" of the Construction
works provided that there are no claims filed against the Project Proponent or its
Contractor.

42 As may be agreed upon in the contract, a portion of the Performance security shall be 43 released upon compliance with corresponding milestones.

44

41

- b. Performance Security for Operations
- 45 46

(marked-up version)

1 The Performance Security for Operations shall be released by the Agency/LGU 2 concerned on the transfer date of the facility, provided that there are no claims filed 3 against the Project Proponent and its Contractor.

4

Section 12.14 - Liquidated Damages

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7 Where the Project Proponent fails to satisfactorily complete the work on or before completion date, including any extension or grace period duly granted, or meet the operating 8 9 performance standard as prescribed in the contract, or fail to perform any of its obligations 10 and undertakings as stipulated in the contract, the Project Proponent shall pay the Agency/LGU concerned liquidated damages, as specified in the contract as an indemnity and 11 12 not by way of penalty. The performance security for construction works or for operations, as 13 the case may be, may be applied to answer for any liquidated damages due to the 14 Agency/LGU.

15

During the Construction period, the amount of liquidated damages due for every calendar day of delay beyond the completion date will be determined by the Agency/LGU based on the formula in the contract. During the operation period, the amount of liquidated damages, which will be determined by the Agency/LGU, shall be based on the principle of fair compensation for damages which the Agency/LGU will sustain as a result of the Project Proponent's failure to meet its obligations.

22

Persistent breach of obligations by the Project Proponent and a limit to the amount of
consequent liquidated damages shall be defined in the contract. Should the limit be reached,
such shall be considered a Project Proponent event of default pursuant to Section 12.21.a.
Persistent breach of obligations by the Project Proponent shall be defined in the contract by
using the following parameters:

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a. an accumulation of a significant number of breaches over a stated period of time; and/or

b. an accumulation of payment deductions from the performance security or of payment of liquidated damages above a certain threshold.

The imposition and collection of liquidated damages shall be without prejudice to the right of
 the Agency/LGU concerned to rescind or terminate the contract and proceed with the
 procedures prescribed under Section 12.21.

38

39 Section 12.15 - Repair and Maintenance Costs

40

The Project Proponent shall, within the contract term and the warranty period prescribed under Section 12.23, undertake the necessary and appropriate repair and maintenance of the project, in accordance with the design and performance standards, and other terms prescribed in the approved contract, in order to ensure that the facility operates at the desired level of service. For this purpose, and where applicable, a portion of the project's revenues equivalent to the cost of the project's repair and maintenance, as indicated in the Project Proponent's bid proposal shall be set aside and reserved exclusively for repair and

(marked-up version)

- 1 maintenance costs of the project. For facility, an escrow account may be established for the
- 2 purpose. 3

4 Section 12.16 - Repayment Schemes

6 <u>12.16.1 General Classification</u>

8 The repayment schemes for the projects shall depend on the contractual arrangement as 9 follows or as may be approved by the Approving Body:

10

5

7

a. For projects undertaken through BOT, CAO, DOT, ROT, BOO and ROO arrangements, the 11 12 Project Proponents may be repaid by authorizing it to collect reasonable tolls, FARES, 13 fees, **RENTALS**, and/**OR** charges for a fixed term, subject to Section 12.18 of this Revised 14 IRR. In the case of BOT, CAO, DOT, ROT arrangements, such term shall in no case exceed 15 fifty (50) years. However, for ROO arrangements, the Project Proponent, upon renewal 16 of its Franchise or contract with the Agency or LGU, may be allowed to continue collecting toll*S*, *FARES*, fees, **RENTALS**, *AND/OR* charges and rentals for the operation 17 of the facility or the provision of the service. 18

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b. For projects undertaken through BTO arrangement - the Project Proponent may be 20 repaid by either of the following two options: First Option - the Agency/LGU provides 21 22 Amortization as may be appropriate and reasonable. Tolls, **FARES**, fees, rentals and/**OR** charges that the Project Proponent may collect while operating the facility on behalf of 23 the Agency/LGU may be applied directly to the Amortization. Moreover, the Facility 24 25 operator may be repaid by the Agency/LGU through a management fee as may be 26 incorporated in the management contract entered between the Agency/LGU and the 27 Project Proponent; Second Option – the Project Proponent may be allowed to directly 28 collect tolls, *FARES*, fees, rentals and/*OR* charges for a fixed term.

- c. For projects undertaken through BT and BLT arrangements the Project Proponent may
 be repaid by the Agency/LGU through Amortization as may be appropriate and
 reasonable.
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d. Where applicable, the Project Proponent may likewise be repaid in the form of
 AVAILABILITY PAYMENTS AND/OR a share in the revenue of the project or other non monetary payments, such as, but not limited to the grant of commercial development
 rights or the grant of a portion or percentage of the reclaimed land, subject to
 constitutional requirements. Any extension or expansion of the concession should not
 serve as a form of non-monetary compensation without a separate approval from the
 approving body.

- 42 e. For projects undertaken through arrangements not enumerated under the Act and this
 43 Revised IRR but approved/authorized by the NEDA Board, the Project Proponent may
 44 be repaid through any schemes as recommended by the ICC and approved/authorized
 45 by the NEDA Board.
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47 <u>12.16.2 Tolls</u>, *FARES*, *f*ees, *f*rentals, *AND/OR* charges

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2 The proposed tolls, **FARES**, fees, **FRENTALS**, **AND/OR** charges shall be considered by the 3 Agency/LGU in the evaluation of the bid, taking into account the reasonableness thereof to 4 the end-users of the facility. 5 THE TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR CHARGES THAT A PROJECT PROPONENT MAY 6 7 CHARGE FOR THE USE OF THE FACILITY SHALL BE THOSE AS APPROVED BY THE APPROVING 8 BODY, RESULTING FROM THE BIDDING, AND INCORPORATED IN THE CONTRACT. 9 IN CASE THE REGULATOR DISAPPROVES THE INITIAL TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR 10 CHARGES STIPULATED IN THE CONTRACT, THE AGENCY/LGU MAY ALLOW THE PROJECT 11 PROPONENT TO RECOVER THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, 12 13 AND/OR CHARGES STIPULATED IN THE CONTRACT AND THE AMOUNT APPROVED BY THE 14 REGULATOR THROUGH MEASURES ALLOWED IN THE CONTRACT AND CONSISTENT WITH 15 THE CONSTITUTION AND APPLICABLE LAWS. SUCH DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNTS 16 SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS DIRECT GOVERNMENT SUBSIDY. 17 All projects shall include in its contract a fixed initial/base tolls/fees/rentals/charges, as 18 19 applicable, and as approved by the appropriate Regulator according to the policies of the relevant Regulator. In the absence of an appropriate Regulator, the fixed initial/base 20 tolls/fees/rentals/charges and the formula/adjustment schedules, as the case may be, shall 21 22 be approved by the Approving Body. 23 Adjustments of such tolls, FARES, fees, frentals, AND/OR charges shall be pursuant to 24 25 Section 12.18 of this Revised IRR. 26 27 12.16.3 Remittance of Earnings or Other Amounts Due to a Foreign Project Proponent 28 29 The remittance of earnings and other amounts due to a foreign Project Proponent under the 30 contract shall be in accordance with pertinent laws, rules and regulations especially those 31 issued by the BSP. 32 <u>12.16.4 All contracts shall adhere to the terminologies for payments used in this Section.</u> 33 34 35 Section 12.17 - Revenue Sharing 36 37 The Agency/LGU concerned may share in the revenue from the operation of the Project 38 Proponent and can only be in the form of either a set fee or a percentage of the gross revenue 39 or a combination of both, which may be increased during the term of the contract subject to 40 agreed parameters, provided that the same is indicated in the bidding documents and included in the contract. The payment of the revenue share shall not be dependent on the 41 42 project ROR. 43 44 Section 12.18 - Adjustments of Tolls, FARES, Fees, Fees, And/OR Charges 45 46 THE TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR CHARGES MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADJUSTMENT 47 DURING THE LIFE OF THE CONTRACT, BASED ON AN APPROVED FORMULA/ADJUSTMENT

(marked-up version)

SCHEDULE IN THE APPROVED CONTRACT. FOR THIS PURPOSE, PRIOR TO BIDDING, THE 1 2 CONCERNED AGENCY/LGU SHALL SECURE EITHER THE ADVICE OF THE REGULATOR OR THE 3 APPROVAL OF THE APPROVING BODY OR BOTH, AS THE CASE MAYBE, FOR SUCH FORMULA. 4 THE MONITORING OF THE CONSISTENCY OF THE PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS OF TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR CHARGES WITH THE PRESCRIBED RATE OF RETURN, IF ANY, 5 SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN BY THE APPROPRIATE REGULATORY BODY OR IMPLEMENTING 6 7 AGENCY/LGU. 8 9 The concerned Regulator for the project shall retain the power to approve or disapprove adjustments to tolls/fees/rentals/charges, and other tariffs based on prevailing economic 10 conditions, other factors consistent with the regulatory framework for the project, and the 11 12 actual financial performance of the project. 13 14 In no case shall the contract contain provisions automatically entitling the Project Proponent 15 to its proposed tolls/fees/rentals/charges to be imposed upon the users of the project. While 16 the tolls/fees/rentals/charges and adjustment may be stipulated in the contract, the Project Proponent shall not be automatically entitled to an increase in the tolls/fees/rentals/charges, 17 unless duly authorized and approved by the concerned Regulator. The Agency/LGU shall not 18 19 be liable for the non-approval by the concerned Regulator of any application of increase or 20 adjustment of the tolls/fees/rentals/charges. IN CASE THE REGULATOR DISAPPROVES THE PROPOSED AMOUNT BASED ON THE ADJUSTMENT OF THE TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, 21 22 AND/OR CHARGES STIPULATED IN THE CONTRACT, THE AGENCY/LGU MAY ALLOW THE 23 PROJECT PROPONENT TO RECOVER THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR CHARGES STIPULATED IN THE CONTRACT AND THE AMOUNT APPROVED 24 25 BY THE REGULATOR THROUGH MEASURES ALLOWED IN THE CONTRACT AND CONSISTENT 26 WITH THE CONSTITUTION AND APPLICABLE LAWS. SUCH DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE AMOUNTS SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS DIRECT GOVERNMENT SUBSIDY. 27

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If the Agency/LGU fails to implement the adjustment of tolls, *FARES*, /fees, /rentals, / AND/OR charges approved by the appropriate Regulator, then the Agency/LGU and the Project Proponent shall agree on ways for the Project Proponent to SHALL recover such adjusted tolls, *FARES*, /fees, /rentals, / AND/OR charges THROUGH MEASURES ALLOWED IN THE CONTRACT, but in no case shall the Agency/LGU be liable for any monetary compensation.

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Price indices shall be based on the official issuances by the Philippine Statistics Authority
 (PSA), BSP, Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) and other sources authorized by
 the Agency/LGU concerned prior to bidding.

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40 Section 12.19 - Audit of Collections

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42 **PURSUANT TO THE GOVERNMENT AUDITING CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES**, Aall revenues, 43 share and/or receipts pertaining to or accruing to the Agency/LGU derived from any project 44 proposed under the Act and this Revised IRR, including expenditures or uses of funds and 45 property, owned or held in trust by, or pertaining to the Government, shall be subject to 46 examination/audit by the Commission on Audit (COA), including i) ensuring that such 47 revenues, share and/or receipts are fully and properly accounted for and remitted to the

(marked-up version) 1 Agency/LGU, and ii) determining if the mandated return on rate base is complied with, in the 2 case of negotiated contracts and Public Utility Projects which are natural monopolies. 3 4 All revenues and receipts pertaining to or accruing to the Project Proponent may be remitted 5 directly to the Project Proponent, as may be stipulated in the contract AND SUBJECT TO 6 APPLICABLE LAWS, RULES, AND REGULATIONS. 7 8 Pursuant to the provisions of the Government Auditing Code of the Philippines, revenues, 9 shares, and/or receipts from projects shall be subject to the COA accounting and auditing rules and regulations and Section 14.7 of this Revised IRR. 10 11 12 Section 12.20 - Accession/Divestiture 13 14 Subject to the approval of the Approving Body upon due diligence and recommendation by 15 the Head of Agency/LGU, a Project Proponent may divest or accede its ownership and/or 16 rights to a project provided that, the divestiture or accession shall be after the holding or lockin period which shall be determined by the Agency/LGU and indicated in the contract, and 17 provided that, the new Project Proponent has equal or better qualifications as with the 18 19 previous Project Proponent. 20 21 A divestment/accession made in violation of this section shall be a ground for disqualification of the Project Proponent or cancellation of the contract, as the case may be, and forfeiture of 22 23 the Project Proponent's bid or performance security. 24 25 The Agency/LGU shall inform in writing the PPP Center of the change in ownership for 26 monitoring purposes. 27 28 Section 12.21 – Contract Termination or Rescission 29 30 Failure to comply with any obligation prescribed in the contract, and such failure is not 31 remediable or if remediable shall remain unremedied for an unreasonable length of time, will result in contract termination or rescission as provided under the following rules: 32 33 a. Grounds for Termination or Rescission 34 35 36 All contracts shall define all events that may lead to its termination, including but not limited to: 37 38 39 i. Government event of default 40 Project Proponent event of default 41 ii. 42 Force majeure and other no-fault termination events 43 iii. 44 45 iv. Other termination events, as may be agreed upon by the parties. 46

(marked-up version)

For such events that may lead to contract termination, the contract shall provide 1 2 remedies, curing periods, lender step-in rights, and written notice requirements agreed 3 upon by both parties. The contract shall likewise provide that termination shall take 4 place only upon failure to remedy or cure the default in accordance with the contract. 5 For avoidance of doubt, the project shall not be terminated for an event of default 6 7 without exhausting the corresponding remedy or curing period. 8 9 Persistent breach of obligations by the Project Proponent, as defined in the contract, shall be considered as a Project Proponent event of default. 10 11 12 In cases of Project Proponent event of default, the government AGGRIEVED PARTY may 13 choose to terminate or rescind the contract, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE 14 **PROVISIONS OF THE CONTRACT.** 15 16 **b.** Termination Payment 17 In cases of termination for failure to remedy an event of default, the amount of 18 termination payment shall be determined by the parties pursuant to the contract. 19 20 21 The determination of the amount of termination payment shall be done in accordance 22 with relevant rules and regulations, including the termination payment guidelines TO **BE** issued by the PPP Governing Board., as well as the following guiding principles: 23 24 25 i. Debt guarantees shall not be allowed. 26 27 ii. Payment for expected returns of the Project Proponent exceeding the contract term shall not be allowed. 28 29 30 iii. Payment of profits of commercial business units shall not be allowed. 31 In the case of termination from Project Proponent default, the compensation for 32 iv. the usable core assets, if any, shall be up to (a) the amount of outstanding senior 33 debt borrowed to fund such core assets; (b) the appraised value of the assets, or 34 35 (c) the depreciated book value of the assets, whichever is lower. 36 37 In the case of government default, the government shall pay the outstanding ٧. 38 senior debt, subject to applicable government mandated caps, incurred by the 39 Project Proponent and shall allow the latter to realize a reasonable rate of return, to be determined by the Approving Body; provided such return shall not exceed 40 that stated in the contract. 41 42 In the case of termination that is neither the fault of the government nor the 43 vi. Project Proponent, the compensation for the usable core asset shall be (a) the 44 45 appraised value of the assets at their condition, at the time of termination, or (b) 46 the depreciated value of the assets, whichever is lower. 47

(marked-up version)

- An independent appraiser shall be required under the contract and chosen by mutual consent of the parties. The cost of hiring the independent appraiser shall be borne by the party at fault, except in cases of termination that is neither the fault of the government nor the Project Proponent, in which case, the cost shall be divided equally.
- The amount determined by the independent appraiser shall be binding to both theProject Proponent and the Agency/LGU.
 - The Project Proponent shall be precluded from using non-delivery of the termination payment as a reason for failure or refusal to handover the asset. FOR THE CONTINUITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES, THE GOVERNMENT IS AUTHORIZED TO TAKE POSSESSION OF THE ASSETS OR FACILITIES PRIOR TO THE PAYMENT OF TERMINATION PAYMENT, PURSUANT TO THE APPROVED CONTRACT.
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- c. Temporary or Permanent Takeover by the Government
- In cases of emergency or when public interest so requires, as determined by the
 President, the Agency/LGU may, by written notice to the Project Proponent,
 immediately takeover the Infrastructure or Development Facility or any part thereof.
- Under a temporary takeover, except for the collection of tolls, *FARES*, /fees, *RENTALS*, *AND/OR* charges by the Agency/LGU held in trust for the Project Proponent less the actual operating costs incurred by the Agency/LGU, under no circumstance shall the Project Proponent claim *ADDITIONAL* compensation for the duration of such temporary takeover. During such takeover, the concession or cooperation period shall be suspended until the facility or operation thereof is returned to the Project Proponent.
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 - In case of permanent takeover, the Project Proponent shall be entitled to claim compensation computed according to the termination payment stated in item (b) of this Section.
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- If necessary, the Agency/LGU shall immediately enact the relevant rules, regulations, or
 ordinance to facilitate the emergency takeover.
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35 Section 12.22 - Resolution of Disputes between the Contracting Parties

- Resolution of disputes between the contracting parties, whether through arbitration or
 litigation, shall be as mutually agreed upon by the parties to the contract, subject to applicable
 laws, rules, and regulations.
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In default thereof, IN THE ABSENCE OF A MUTUALLY AGREED UPON VENUE FOR
ARBITRATION IN THE CONTRACT, the venue shall be in the Philippines. Acts and decisions of
Regulators shall not be subject to arbitration.

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- 45 Section 12.23 Expiring Contracts and Transfer of and Warranty Over the Facility
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(marked-up version)

1 Under Contractual Arrangements involving transfer of the facility to the Agency/LGU, the 2 transfer or turnover will necessarily include the transfer of full legal ownership over the 3 project, all documents, property rights, source codes, equipment, among others, which are 4 related to the project in favor of the Agency/LGU, subject to any existing liens as may be 5 agreed upon in the contract. The facility, upon transfer to Agency/LGU, shall be operable and in good condition. The performance indicators for the project/facility and frequency of 6 7 monitoring the indicators shall be stipulated in the contract. A third-party shall be commissioned to assess the residual value of the facility upon transfer or turnover of the 8 9 facility to the Agency/LGU.

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a. Transfer Security

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13To guarantee the faithful performance by the Project Proponent of its obligations during14the transfer of the facility, the Project Proponent shall post an asset transfer security in15favor of the Agency/LGU concerned, in the form, amount, and period stipulated in the16contract.

18 The Agency/LGU shall determine the amount but the form shall be in accordance with 19 Section 12.8. The asset transfer security shall be valid until the Agency/LGU determines 20 that the facility complies with the transfer requirements as stipulated in the contract 21 and issues an acceptance certificate.

b. Warranty Security

The Project Proponent shall provide warranty that the facility meets the key performance indicators and targets in connection therewith for a period not less than one (1) year from the transfer of the facility. The Project Proponent shall put up a warranty security in the form in accordance with Section 12.8, and the amount of which shall be determined by the Agency/LGU and shall be stipulated in the contract. The warranty security shall be made effective immediately upon transfer of full legal ownership over the project in favor of the Agency/LGU, as described above.

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34 RULE 13 - INVESTMENT INCENTIVES AND GOVERNMENT UNDERTAKINGS

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Section 13.1 - Sources of Financing

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In the Construction of projects authorized under the Act and this Revised IRR, the Project
 Proponent may obtain the required financing for the Construction of the project from foreign
 and/or domestic sources.

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42 Section 13.2 - Investment Incentives

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- 44 The grant of investment incentives shall be governed by the following rules:
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(marked-up version)

- a. Projects in excess of one billion pesos (P1,000,000,000) shall be entitled to incentives
 as provided for in Section 10 of the Act. This shall be listed in the Strategic Investment
 Priority Plan (SIPP).
- 4
- b. Projects costing one billion pesos (P1,000,000,000) or less may, upon registration with
 the Board of Investments, avail of incentives subject to inclusion of the project activity
 or sector in the SIPP, which shall undergo an evaluation process to determine the
 suitability and potential of the industry or the sector in promoting long-term growth
 and sustainable development, and the national interest.
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- 11 This is without prejudice to other incentives that may be given under existing laws, rules, and 12 regulations.
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Such grant shall be pursuant to existing laws, rules and regulations; provided that, all such incentives are disclosed and included in the financial and economic models submitted to the appropriate Approving Body during the project approval stage.

18 Section 13.3 - Government Undertakings

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Subject to existing laws, policies, rules and regulations, the Government may provide form of
 support or contribution to solicited projects, such as, but not limited, to the following:

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a. Credit Enhancements - This shall refer to support to an infrastructure or development
 facility by the Project Proponent and/or Agency/LGU concerned, the provision of which
 is contingent upon the occurrence of certain events and/or risks, as stipulated in the
 contract. Credit enhancements are allocated to the party that is best able to manage
 and assume the consequences of the risk involved. Credit enhancements may include,
 but are not limited to, government guarantees on the performance, or the obligation of
 the Agency/LGU under its contract with the Project Proponent.

- b. Direct Government Guarantee This shall refer to an agreement whereby the
 government or any of its Agencies/LGUs guarantees to assume responsibility for the
 repayment of debt directly incurred by the Project Proponent in implementing the
 project in case of a loan default.
- 36 c. Direct Government Subsidy This shall refer to an agreement whereby the Government,
 37 or any of its Agencies/LGUs will:
 - i. defray, pay for or shoulder a portion of the Project Cost;
 - bear a portion of capital expenses associated with the establishment of an Infrastructure or Development Facility and/or any partial financing of the project, or components thereof;
- 45 iii. defray, pay for or shoulder a portion of the expenses and costs in operating or
 46 maintaining the project;
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- iv. contribute any property or assets to the project such as, the provision of access
 infrastructure, right-of-way, transfer of ownership over, or usufruct, or possession
 of land, building or any other real or personal property for direct use in the
 project;
 - v. in the case of LGUs, waive or grant special rates on real property taxes on the project during the term of the Contractual Arrangement; or
 - vi. waive charges or fees relative to business permits or licenses that are to be obtained for the Construction of the project,
 - A*a*ll without receiving appropriate compensation from the Project Proponent and/or Facility Operator.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TOLLS, FARES, FEES, RENTALS, AND/OR CHARGES STIPULATED IN THE CONTRACT AND THE AMOUNT APPROVED BY THE REGULATOR AS DESCRIBED IN SECTIONS 12.3, 12.16.2, AND 12.18, AND AVAILABILITY PAYMENTS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 1.3 SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS DIRECT GOVERNMENT SUBSIDY.

- All dDirect government subsidy *FALLING UNDER C.I. AND C.II.* shall not exceed fifty
 PERCENT (50%) of the total Project Cost. In the case of O&M projects with zero Project
 Costs, it shall not exceed fifty (50%) of the total O&M cost as defined in Section 1.3.
- 25 The above undertakings may be financed from direct government appropriations 26 and/or from official development assistance (ODA) of foreign government or 27 institutions. In the case of solicited projects, sunk costs, which are costs incurred prior 28 to the preparation of the feasibility study, shall not be included in the computation of the direct government subsidy and the total Project Cost. In case of contribution of 29 assets or property, the value of the direct government subsidy shall be determined by 30 a government financial institution OR AN INDEPENDENT PROPERTY APPRAISER before 31 the project is submitted to the Approving Body. 32
- 34 In case of contribution of assets or property IN UNSOLICITED PROPOSALS, 35 compensation shall be considered as appropriate if the value of the compensation is at 36 least equal to the value of the contribution or undertaking **PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.3** as determined by a government financial institution. Payment of the compensation 37 shall be made not later than the start of operations. Non-payment of compensation on 38 39 the said date shall incur interest on the compensation. The interest rate to be applied 40 shall be the rate stated in the contract, taking into consideration relevant rules and regulations on interest. In case the parties fail to agree on the applicable interest rate, 41 or in default thereof, the prevailing risk-free rate shall apply. 42
- Subject to Section 12.21, in cases of unsolicited proposals, except in the case of build and-transfer and build-lease-and transfer arrangements, government payments is a
 direct government subsidy and shall be prohibited.
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(marked-up version)

- d. Direct Government Equity This shall refer to the subscription by the Government or
 any of its agencies or LGUs of shares of stock or other securities convertible to shares
 of stock of the project company, whether such subscription will be paid by the money
 or assets.
- e. Performance Undertaking This shall refer to an undertaking of a department, bureau,
 office, commission, authority, agency, GOCC, or LGU in assuming responsibility for the
 performance of the Agency's/LGU's obligations under the contractual arrangement
 including the payment of monetary obligations, in case of default. These undertakings
 may be subject to payment of risk premium to the Government or LGU, or any other
 authorized agency.
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- f. Legal Assistance This shall refer to the extension of representation by government lawyers to a Project Proponent but only in cases, hearings, or inquiries where the Agency/LGU and Project Proponent are party-defendants/respondents therein including the adoption by such government lawyers of positions and strategies consistent with upholding the validity of the approved contractual arrangement.
- g. Security Assistance This shall refer to the deployment of government security forces,
 either from the Philippine National Police (PNP) or the Armed Forces of the Philippines
 (AFP) in the vicinity of the project site to provide security during the implementation of
 the project up to completion.
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The Agency/LGU may offer any one or more Government Undertakings relative to a project, which shall be pre-cleared in principle, in writing, by the department, bureau, office, commission, authority, agency, GOCC, or LGU or any other government entity that will grant the same as mandated by law; provided that the total government undertakings shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total project cost or the debt of the Project Proponent incurred for the project, whichever is lower.

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The government undertakings shall be based on the approved risk allocation matrix which shall be issued by the Approving Body.

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35 **RULE 14 - COORDINATION AND MONITORING OF PROJECTS**

37 Section 14.1 - The PPP Center

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39 The PPP Center shall be responsible for the coordination and monitoring of projects 40 implemented under Contractual Arrangements or schemes authorized under the Act and this Revised IRR. Project monitoring will be undertaken to ensure that the project complies with 41 42 (A) this Revised IRR, including the Project Proponent's required environmental clearances from the DENR, AND (B) IN CASES WHERE THE ICC/NEDA BOARD IS THE APPROVING BODY, 43 THE ICC GUIDELINES. For this purpose, the Agency/LGU shall periodically submit to the PPP 44 45 Center information on the status of projects they are implementing. The PPP Center shall 46 prescribe the frequency of submissions, format, and contents, among others, based on the 47 requirements of oversight agencies and other stakeholders.

- 1 2 In addition, all concerned Agencies/LGUs shall submit to the PPP Center a copy of all Solicited and Unsolicited executed/signed contracts and all other documents to be required by the PPP 3 4 Center. Agencies/LGUs shall also submit to the PPP Center all Unsolicited Proposals that they 5 receive and all other documents required for complete submission. 6 7 The PPP Center is also hereby mandated to guide the Agency/LGU in the preparation and development of the project. 8 9 10 At the end of every calendar year, the PPP Center shall report to the ICC, President, and the Congress on the progress of all projects implemented under the Act and this Revised IRR. 11 12 13 Section 14.2 - Timelines 14 15 All timelines shall be contained in a flow chart herein attached as Annex A. The PPP Center 16 shall monitor the compliance of the Agencies/LGUs with the timelines prescribed in this 17 Revised IRR. 18 19 Section 14.3 - Agencies/LGUs 20 21 The Agency/LGU shall certify that they are capable of undertaking their respective obligations 22 in the contract and impose mitigating measures to minimize the risks involved in the project. The Head of the Agency/LGU shall be responsible for ensuring that the Agency/LGU does not 23 breach its obligations under the contract. The Head of Agency/LGU may assign responsibility 24 25 and provide a budget to an appropriate unit to identify, plan, and monitor the fulfillment of 26 contractual obligations by THE due date in each contract. Furthermore, the unit so formed 27 shall report the status of fulfillment of obligations on a regular basis to the Head of the 28 Agency/LGU. 29 30 The formed unit may include as members, among others, technical and legal personnel who 31 are knowledgeable on the technical and legal aspects, respectively, of the projects that may be implemented pursuant to the Act and this Revised IRR. 32 33 34 Section 14.4 - Informing Congress 35 36 A report regarding the salient features or a copy of each contract, involving a project entered 37 into under the provisions of this Revised IRR, shall be submitted to Congress by the PPP 38 Center, copy the ICC, for its information. 39 40 Section 14.5 - The Independent Consultant (IC) 41 An independent consultant (i.e., a non-aligned or neutral third party/parties), either 42 individuals, partnerships or corporations, shall be procured by the Agency/LGU to provide 43 independent advice to the Agency/LGU and Project Proponent or its Contractor for the design 44 45 and Construction of the facility, including the monitoring of the performance of the 46 contracting parties. THE AGENCY/LGU MAY PROCURE AN INDEPENDENT CONSULTANT
- 47 DURING THE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PHASE OF THE PROJECT, AS IT MAY DEEM

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NECESSARY. The procurement of the IC shall commence within thirty (30) working days from 1 2 the signing of the contract and shall be done in accordance with Republic Act No. 9184, or the Government Procurement Reform Act. OR FROM A DATE THE AGENCY/LGU DEEMS 3 4 APPROPRIATE FOR THE PROJECT CONSISTENT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS AND TIMELINES UNDER THE CONTRACT. 5 6 7 The prospective IC shall submit a complete disclosure statement specifying all past, present, and anticipated or planned future relationships of the prospective independent consultant to 8 9 the project and with every person who has or is likely to have a connection with it, confirming 10 that there is or is not likely to be any conflict of interest. The IC shall provide a copy of such 11 disclosure statement to the Project Proponent and the Agency/LGU. 12 13 Upon selection of the IC, the Agency/LGU shall notify the Project Proponent of its proposed 14 award of the IC contract with scope of duties as agreed upon, and the Project Proponent shall 15 send a written acknowledgment thereof to the Agency/LGU. 16 17 All costs of the IC services shall be shared in half (50:50) between the Agency/LGU and the Project Proponent. Such costs to be shared by the Agency/LGU shall not be considered as a 18 19 direct government subsidy. 20 21 The parties shall provide all the assistance necessary to enable the IC to carry out its functions 22 and duties under the contract. The parties shall not deceive, intimidate, influence, or otherwise exert undue pressure, upon the IC, or commit similar acts that would adversely 23 impact the integrity and the independence of the IC. 24 25 26 The terms and conditions provided in the IC contract shall be consistent with the project 27 contract. In addition to the responsibilities of the IC set forth in the IC contract, the IC shall 28 provide the Agency/LGU, Project Proponent, COA, a panel of government offices designated 29 by the Approving Body, if any, and the PPP Center with copies of all documents procured by 30 the IC during its period of appointment. 31 The terms of reference for the procurement of the IC shall include, but shall not be limited to, 32 the scope of reports and the frequency of their submissions to the Agency/LGU, and the 33 process for their evaluation. The Agency/LGU shall allow the Project Proponent to comment 34 35 on the terms of reference prior to approval within fourteen (14) calendar days from receipt 36 thereof. 37 38 The IC report shall, at the minimum, contain the following: project progress plan and 39 schedule, project status in terms of accomplishments and backlogs, project issues and 40 concerns, materials report, IC activities, and other documents as may be required. 41 42 Section 14.6 - Disclosure and Consent on OF Loan Agreement OR FINANCING DOCUMENTS 43 44 Prior to signing a loan agreement to finance a project, the Project Proponent shall obtain the 45 consent of the Agency/LGU on the following stipulations in the loan agreement: 46 a. Proposed conditions precedent and the events of default that will be included therein; 47

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2	b. Any proposed termination, amendment, waiver of rights or any action regarding the
3	loan agreement that may reasonably be expected to have a materially adverse effect
4	on the ability of the Project Proponent to perform its obligations under the contract or
5	the loan agreement;
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7	c. Any proposed cure agreed with the lender/creditor/bank that may increase the
8	Agency's/LGU's liabilities or impede the operations of the project; and
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10	d. Any agreement to refinance the loan entered into for the project.
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12	The Agency/LGU may seek the assistance of the DOF in evaluating the abovementioned
13	conditions in the loan agreement.
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15	If any of the foregoing stipulation will result to an increase in Government Undertakings or a
16	change in the approved risk allocation, the Agency/LGU shall obtain the consent or clearance
17	of the Approving Body prior to giving its consent to the Project Proponent.
18	
19	NO LATER THAN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS AFTER EXECUTION OF ANY LOAN OR FINANCING
20	DOCUMENTS FOR THE FINANCING OR REFINANCING OF THE PROJECT, THE PROJECT
21	PROPONENT SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF THE LOAN OR FINANCING DOCUMENTS TO THE
22	AGENCY/LGU AND THE PPP CENTER.
23	
24	In the event the Project Proponent enters into a loan agreement OR FINANCING DOCUMENT
25	without PROVIDING A COPY TO THE AGENCY/LGU obtaining the necessary consent required
26	above, such will be considered a Project Proponent event of default, and the Project
27	Proponent shall be prohibited from holding the Agency/LGU liable for any obligations arising
28	from the loan agreement OR FINANCING DOCUMENTS.
29	
30	Under no circumstance shall the Agency/LGU withhold its consent on the above enumerated
31	conditions, unless such conditions are grossly disadvantageous to the government.
32	
33	During the implementation of the loan agreement OR FINANCING DOCUMENTS, the Project
34	Proponent shall periodically report and submit to the PPP Center and the Agency/LGU the
35	necessary documents on the following:
36	
37	a. status of the fulfillment of its obligations under the loan agreement OR FINANCING
38	DOCUMENTS; and
39	
40	b. status of an agreed cure for a default committed by the Project Proponent under the
41	loan agreement OR FINANCING DOCUMENTS.
42	
43	ANY LOAN OR FINANCING DOCUMENT SUBMITTED BY THE PROJECT PROPONENT TO THE
44	PPP CENTER AND THE AGENCY/LGU SHALL BE TREATED AS CONFIDENTIAL.
45	
46	The PPP Center shall determine the frequency of submission of such reports by the
47	Agency/LGU.

1 2 Section 14.7 - Accounting and Auditing of Projects 3 4 To further promote accountability, after a p**P**roject**S** has been awarded under the Act and this Revised IRR SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE, the Commission on Audit (COA) shall have audit 5 6 jurisdiction over compliance with the contract, and the requirements and processes set forth 7 under the Act and this Revised IRR. The COA, in the exercise of its audit and examination 8 functions, shall also have visitorial power over non-government entities, such as the Project 9 Proponent pursuant to the Government Auditing Code of the Philippines and the 2009 10 Revised Rules of Procedure of the COA and any amendments thereto for the purpose of ensuring that revenues, share and/or receipts pertaining to or accruing to the Agency/LGU 11 derived from any project proposed under the Act are fully and properly accounted for and 12 13 remitted to the Agency/LGU. 14 15 To this end, tThe COA, in consultation and coordination with the PPP Center, shall promulgate 16 accounting guidelines that will set the rules and guidelines in the booking and accounting of projects, and auditing guidelines that will guide the COA auditors who shall be assigned to 17 18 audit projects. 19 20 The COA shall have the authority to access all project-related documents, including the documents referred to in Rules 4 to 12 of this Revised IRR. The Agency/LGU and the Project 21 22 Proponent shall cooperate with the COA and provide the latter the necessary documents to 23 conduct the audit of the project. 24 25 Section 14.8 – Conflict of Interest 26 27 All relevant parties shall, at all times, avoid conflicts of interest, as defined in Republic Act No. 28 6713 or the Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees. To 29 ensure avoidance of conflict of interest, regulatory agencies or bodies implementing a project 30 shall prepare a conflict mitigation plan. 31 In case a conflict of interest arises, the concerned parties shall inhibit themselves from the 32 performance of their duties in connection to the project. In the case of a PBAC member with 33 34 a conflict of interest, the concerned member shall resign from their position as PBAC member 35 within thirty (30) days from the time such conflict arises. 36 Section 14.9 - Disclosure of Contracts 37 38 39 Copies of all contracts executed under the BOT Law shall be considered as public documents. 40 The Agency/LGU shall submit a copy of the contracts, including their schedules and annexes, to the PPP Center. The Agency/LGU and the PPP Center shall publicly make available copies 41 of the contracts, together with their schedule and annexes, through their respective websites 42 UNLESS OTHERWISE PROHIBITED BY EXISTING LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS AND THOSE 43 44 PROVISIONS IN THE CONTRACT WHICH ARE PROPRIETARY, OR MAY POSE THREATS TO NATIONAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC SAFETY. 45 46 47

RULE 15 – GOVERNMENT LIABILITIES IN CONTRACTS 1 2 3 Section 15.1 – Firm and Contingent Liabilities 4 5 Government liabilities in contracts consist of firm liabilities and contingent liabilities. For purposes of this Revised IRR, firm liabilities are foreseeable and definite liabilities, as 6 7 described in the provisions of a contract. These include, but are not limited to, milestone 8 payments, amortization payments, availability payments, viability gap funding, variation 9 payments, and payment for settlement of undisputed claims. 10 Contingent liabilities are liabilities that may be incurred from events specified in a contract, 11 the occurrence, timing, or amount of which are uncertain. These include, but are not limited 12 13 to MAGA, force majeure, breach of government warranties, and failure to deliver contractual 14 obligations. 15 16 Section 15.2 – Rules for Government Firm Liabilities in Contracts 17 a. Projects that would result in a government firm liability shall meet the following 18 additional criteria for approval: 19 20 21 The project passes the criteria for technical viability, economic feasibility, social i. 22 acceptability, and climate change resiliency set by the Approving Body. 23 The project offers value for money and that the proposed firm liabilities are 24 ii. 25 supported by a financial model showing that the project is not financially viable 26 unless the firm payments are included. 27 28 iii. The fiscal impact of the firm liabilities is sustainable based on the assessment of the **DOF** APPROVING BODY. 29 30 The Agency proposing a project under the Act and this Revised IRR must commit 31 iv. to bidding the project competitively and with the goal to keep firm payments to a 32 minimum. 33 34 35 Payments are in local currency. ٧. 36 37 vi. Payments are conditional, subject to the Project Proponent achieving availability 38 targets or other applicable performance targets. 39 40 b. The amounts to be paid and schedule of payments shall be reflected in the approved financial model. 41 42 c. The PTCs related to firm liabilities, which must be approved by the Approving Body, shall 43 consist of: 44 45 46 i. the amounts to be paid; and 47

1		ii. the schedule of payments.
2 3	Ч.	The Agency/LGU shall ensure that sources of funds necessary for the payment of firm
4		liabilities are identified and secured pursuant to existing laws, rules, and regulations.
5		
6	Sectio	n 15.3 - Rules on Contingent Liabilities
7		
8		Contingent liabilities shall be set only for risks that the national or local government,
9		whichever is applicable, is best able to control.
10 11	h	Pursuant to Section 2.8, the Agency/LGU shall submit a risk mitigation plan for approval
12		by the Approving Body in accordance with Section 2.10 of this Revised IRR. Such plan
13		shall include a list of all risks assumed by the government under the contract, risks
14		assumed by the Agency/LGU, risk mitigating measures, estimated costs to be incurred,
15		target dates to have each measure in place, and the appropriate action plan by the
16		Agency/LGU to manage each type of risk.
17		
18		The Approving Body shall validate that the proposed risk allocation is consistent with
19		the GPRAM approved by the ICC and published by the PPP Center. Deviations could be
20		proposed but must have the approval of the Approving Body pursuant to Section 2.10
21		of this Revised IRR.
22		Death the death of the first second shell be seen in the the second DTC subject of
23		Both the draft and the final contract shall be consistent with the approved PTCs related
24 25		to contingent liabilities, in accordance with Section 2.8 of this Revised IRR.
26	e.	All contingent liabilities to be assumed by the government shall be transparent in terms
27		of specific risk events that would trigger such liabilities; the probability or likelihood that
28		such risks will occur; the manner of compensation for the economic impact on the
29		Project Proponent, if compensation is financial; the method or principle of calculation
30		of financial compensation; the materiality threshold; and the cap on compensation.
31		
32		For force majeure risks, contingent liabilities above the insurance proceeds shall be
33	:	shared equally between parties to the contract.
34 25		The DTCs values of the experimental lightliking subject moves the experimental but the Association
35	-	The PTCs related to contingent liabilities, which must be approved by the Approving
36 37		Body pursuant to Section 2.10 of this Revised IRR, shall consist of:
38		i. A condition to negotiate a remedy or cure for a risk event
39		. A condition to negotiate a remeay of care for a hisk event
40		ii. A term for curing period
41		
42		iii. The parameters for compensation for damages or losses, including caps on
43		compensation from the national or local government, as may be applicable
44		
45		iv. A condition to include step-in rights
46		V Deremeters for perments if termineted
47		v. Parameters for payments if terminated

h. The Agency/LGU shall conduct monitoring of contingent liabilities in accordance with
 Section 15.7 of this Revised IRR.

5 Section 15.4 - Accounting for Liabilities

The identification and reporting of firm and contingent liabilities in contracts shall be based
on the applicable accounting rules and regulations whether adopted or to be issued by the
COA pursuant to Section 14.7 of this Revised IRR.

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Section 15.5 - Executing Plans for Delivery of Obligations and Risk Mitigation

13 All Heads of Agencies/LGUs with Infrastructure or Development Projects shall ensure 14 execution of all plans to deliver obligations on their due dates and report to the PPP Center, 15 COA, and the panel of government offices designated by the Approving Body, if any, the status 16 of execution including any issues being faced and their proposed actions to address the same. They shall also keep up-to-date all risk mitigation plans and ensure the timely execution of 17 such plans and report to the PPP Center the status of execution including any issues being 18 19 faced. The Project Proponent shall cooperate and provide the abovementioned agencies all 20 necessary documents within a reasonable time for the said agencies to comply with their 21 obligation under this provision.

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- 23 24

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Section 15.6 – Role of DBCC and TWG-CL in Managing Contingent Liabilities

- a. The Technical Working Group for Contingent Liabilities (TWG-CL) that was formed under
 Development Budget Coordination Committee (DBCC) Resolution No. 2015-2 shall
 continue to recommend the amount to be appropriated for the Risk Management
 Program (RMP) to be included in every national expenditure program based on its
 analysis of the potential fiscal burden of CLs.
- b. The use of the RMP by national government agencies for obligations covered in the
 contract, or GOCCs for obligations in the contract that are guaranteed by a performance
 undertaking or a similar instrument issued by the national government, is subject to the
 rules set by the DBCC, which shall include the procedure for payment of contingent
 liabilities that have materialized.

37 Section 15.7 - Monitoring and Reporting Liabilities

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The PPP Center shall establish a system, consisting of processes, procedures, and forms, to be used by the Agency/LGU for monitoring and reporting firm and contingent liabilities in contracts. The system shall be consistent with the applicable accounting rules and regulations to be issued by COA under Section 15.4 of this Revised IRR.

43

The Agency/LGU shall submit to the PPP Center information on the firm and contingent
 liabilities in their contracts following the monitoring and reporting processes, procedures, and

46 forms established by the PPP Center. The Project Proponent shall cooperate and provide the

(marked-up version)

- 1 Agency/LGU all necessary documents within a reasonable time for the latter to comply with
- 2 their obligation under this provision.
- 3 4

5 **RULE 16 - FINAL PROVISIONS**

7 Section 16.1 - IRR Committee

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9 The Committee constituted pursuant to Section 11 of R.A. 6957, as amended by R.A. 7718, 10 may be reconvened by its Chairperson at their instance, or upon the recommendation of any 11 members of the Committee, **TO** formulate and prescribe amendments to this Revised IRR, 12 consistent with the letter and spirit of the Act. No amendments to this Revised IRR may be 13 adopted and prescribed by the Committee without due public consultation/hearing and 14 publication.

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16 Section 16.2 - Effectivity of This Revised IRR or Amendments Thereto

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Amendments to this Revised IRR or amendments thereto shall, after due public hearing, become effective fifteen (15) days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette and/or at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation.

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22 Section 16.3 - Transitory Provision

Upon effectivity of this Revised IRR, all projects, including those presently being processed
 and/or reviewed but not yet approved by the Approving Body shall hereafter be processed

- and/or reviewed in accordance with this Revised IRR.
- 27

Projects under implementation shall be governed by the contract provisions entered into bythe concerned parties.

- 31 Section 16.4 Repealing Clause
- 32

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Any issuance, executive order, administrative order, proclamation, charter, rule or regulation and/or parts thereof contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Revised IRR is hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

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37 Section 16.5 - Separability Clause

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In the event any of the provisions of this Revised IRR is declared void or unenforceable by final
 judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction, the other provisions unaffected thereby shall
 remain in full force and effect.

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- 43 Section 16.6 Rules of Interpretation
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Unless expressly provided to the contrary, references to any statute, law, decree, regulation,
document, or agreement made in this Revised IRR shall be deemed to include references to
such statute, law, decree, regulation, document, or agreement, as amended, supplemented,

- 1 novated, varied or replaced from time to time. Provided, that there is no impairment of the
- 2 obligation of contract.
- 3
- 4
- 5 *Approved*._____